Riyadh disowns Allagany statement

RIYADH, Nov. 16 (A.P.) - A Saudi Arabian government official denied as "inappropriate" his U.N. delegate's statement that the kingdom's eight-point Middle East peace blueprint recognises Israei.

"The acting Saudi delegate to the United Nations was exptessing a personal opinion, which is inappropriate, and he was not authorised to do that," said the official in a statement broadcast by the Saudi state radio.

He added that the eight-point plan was "clear and requires no explanation."

The delegate's statement was contained in a report in the Sunday edition of the New York Times, which quoted him as saying that the Saudi peace plan recognises the Zionist state.



Today's Weather

It will be partly cloudy, with northwesterly moderate winds freshening at times and there will be shattered showers in the central and northern parts of the country. In Aqaba, it will be partly cloudy with northerly moderate winds and seas rough.

-	Overnight low	Daytime high
mman	6	16
lgaba 🗀	12	24
)eserts	9	19
ordan Valley	14	22

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 18, Aqaba 25. Humidity reading: Amman 24 per cent, Aqaba 40 per cent.

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Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Hussein cables Hassan

AMMAN, Nov. 16 (Petra) -His Majesty King Hussein has sent a cable to His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, deeply thanking him for the kind and tender congratulations on the occasion of King Hussein's birthday. His Majesty implored Almighty God to bless the noble Jordanian Arab family and its glorious armed forces. The King pledged to continue doing his utmost for safeguarding the dignity of the Arabs in all their lands.

Awni Masri reports on Far Eastern trip

AMMAN, Nov. 16 (Petra) -Public Works Minister Awni Al Masri returned to Amman this evening at the end of a visit to People's Republic of China and South Korea at the official invitation of governments of the two countries. Mr. Masri said that during his visit to China, he got acquainted with several major construction projects and met several Chinese officials and discussed with them the aspects of cooperation between the two countries and the possibility of enhancing this cooperation in the near future. Mr. Masri said that he also visited several construction and heavy industry projects in South Korea, and that during his visit there, he met with the South Korean president who praised the good relations linking Jordan with South Korea. During the meeting, they also reviewed the projects being implemented by Korean companies in Jordan and the possibility of expanding the participation of South Korean companies in these projects, the minister'

Bonn politician urges support for Fahd peace plan

BEIRUT, Nov. 16 (R) — West German politician Juergen Moellemann today said Saudi Arabia's plan for a Middle East settlement had a good chance of helping resolve all outstanding issues and expressed the hope that it would have support from all sides. Mr. Moellemann, parliamentary foreign policy spokesman in Foreign Minister Hans Dietrich Genscher's Free Democratic Party, was speaking to reporters after a meeting with Lebanese President Elias Sarkis. "I hope that the Arab summit conference in Fez will lead to positive results regarding Middle East peace and help Lebanon to resolve its problems," he said. "I believe that the Prince Fahd peace plan, which is to be raised before the conference, is the right way to resolve all outstanding issues and hope that it will have support from all sides," added Mr. Moellemann who arrived in Beirut vesterday on a visit to Lebanon.

Karpov still away from retaining title

MERANO, Nov. 16 (A.P.) -World chess champion Anatoly Karpov and challenger Viktor Korchnoi drew their third game in a row today, leaving Karpov still one victory shy of winning the match and retaining his title. Draws don't count in the series, which the Soviet grandmaster leads 5-2.

William Holden dies

SANTA MONICA, California, Nov. 16 (A.P.) — Actor William Holden, who won an Oscar as the hardbitten prisoner of war in "Stalag 17" and was the disillusioned news executive in "Network," was found dead at his apartment here today, police said. Holden, 63, apparently died of natural causes, said Police Sgt. Dick Tapia. He said apparently been dead "for some time, possibly two or three days," Sgt. Tapia said. The body was found by the apartment's manager, who became concerned when he had not heard from Holden in two or three weeks, Sgt. Tapia

Israeli military destroy 4 W. Bank Arab houses

TEL AVIV, Nov. 16 (Agencies) — Israeli troops in the occupied West Bank today demolished four houses of Arab families whose sons allegedly threw firebombs at army patrols and "committed other security offences," Israeli military sources said.

In Beit Sahour, southeast of Bethlebern, troops levelled houses of three youths, who a military spokesman claimed, admitted to throwing firebombs at Israeli army patrols earlier this month. Merchants in the town closed their shops in protest against the demolitions and Arab youths burned tyres and marched through

the streets chanting "PLO yes - Israel no." Beit Sahour Mayor Hanna Al Atrash and Bethlehem Mayor Elias Freil joined the demonstrators and were quoted as calling the

demolitions unwarranted collective punishment. The fourth house demolished was in Ramallah and the military spokesman repeated that a resident of the house "admitted to having participated" in attacks on Israeli troops.

After the houses were destroyed, the occupation authorities lifted a curfew imposed on Beit Sahour Saturday night when Israeli military charged firebombs were thrown at two Israeli buses. The military spokesman said several 17-year-old youths were

arrested in connection with the alleged firehomb throwing in Beit

Sahour on Nov. 1 and Nov. 10. He did not name them. The mother of one of the youths told Israel Radio that troops came to her house at pre-dawn hours. "They threw everything into the streets," she said. "In five minutes they blew up everything. Is that the Israeli law? Within 24 hours, they took my son and flattened my house."

'Syrian power doubled in a decade' -- Assad

DAMASCUS, Nov. 16 (A.P.) — Syrian President Hafez Al Assad, speaking on the occasion of the 10th anniversary of his coming to power, said today the strength of Syria's army had doubled in the past decade.

Addressing the first session of the country's newly-elected parliament, Mr. Assad said his ruling Arab Socialist Baath Party leadership was "planning to continue building the strength of the country, politically, economically, culturally and militarily."

He added that the Syrian army has "unlimited preparedness to perform its national duty."

The Syrian leader also castigated the United States for what he described as its policy of undermining Arab unity by "pitting the Arab countries one against the

"Not only has the United States committed to making Israel...as all the Arab countries put together, but it is adding to Israeli strength by weakening Arab ranks, surrounding the Arab area with its fleets, bases and forces and to top

all that the United States went into a strategic alliance with Israel," he

Arafat: 'Matter of time

DOHA, Nov. 16 (R) - Palestinian leader Yasser Árafat arrived here today from Kuwait, where he was quoted as saying that it was only a matter of time before a Palestinian state was established.

Mr. Arafat, chairman of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), is touring Arab countries for talks on efforts to plan a joint Arab strategy on the Middle East at next week's Arab summit meeting in Morocco.

He was reported by the Kuwait news agency as saying in an interview: "The creation of a Palestinian state has become a matter of time only. This state will be set

up sooner or later."

before Palestinian state'

Israel has strongly opposed the setting up of such a state and, in peace talks with Egypt, has agreed only to limited self-rule for Palestinians on the occupied West Bank and Gaza.

In the interview, Mr. Arafat reiterated his support for Saudi Ara-bia's Middle East peace formula, which is to be discussed at the Arab summit in Fez on Nov. 25.

The plan, which calls for Israeli evacuation from occupied Arab territory, the setting up of a Palestinian state with Jerusalem as its capital and calling for all states in the region to live in peace, has been flatly rejected by Israel.

Prime minister confirms Jordan ordered SAM-6 missiles from U.S.S.R.

Soviet arms deal displeased U.S., Badran announces

AMMAN, Nov. 16 (Petra) — The United States government has made it clear that Jordan's recent purchase of Soviet weapons may jeopardise future American arms deals with Jordan, Prime Minister Mudar Badran said today.

Speaking at the National Consultative Council (NCC) on King Hussein's recent visit to the United States, Mr. Badran said Jordan's "traditional arms suppliers were not pleased" with the \$200. million purchase of Soviet SAM-6 missiles.

"American officials told His Majesty King Hussein that the deal may affect other American arms deals to Jordan when they come up for voting at the U.S.

Senate," the prime minister said. He added that King Hussein's reply was "clear." Jordan found "all doors closed" when it requested sophisticated American

weapons, he added. "When we could not get these weapons from our traditional suppliers, we turned to the Soviet Union, which supplied our needs

at reasonable prices," he said. Mr. Badran, who returned home yesterday from his trip with During the visit King Hussein

the King, revealed that the deal was concluded when King Hussein visited Moscow last May.

A Jordanian military delegation later visited Moscow to discuss the details of the deal, "which is a Badran said. good deal, urgently needed by

lordan," Mr. Badran said. He added that the King's talks in Washington did not include American aid to Jordan or arms supplies to the armed forces.

'His Majesty made it clear that he did not go to the United States to discuss Jordanian requests but to try to correct the balance of American pro-Israeli policies," be said.

The King's state visit to the United States was "successful and positive," the prime minister said.

"Compared with previous visits, (we found that) during this one, the American administration and President Reagan were open-minded and receptive to the ideas presented by King Hussein," he added.

reaffirmed "Arab concepts" for resolving the Middle East crisis, which are based on Israel's full withdrawal from the occupied Arab areas, including Jerusalem, and the recognition of the leg-itimate national rights of the Palestinian people, including their right to self-determination and the establishment of their Palestinian state on their national soil, Mr.

Before visiting the United States, the King visited Iraq, Kuwait, Bahrain, Qatar, the United Arab Emirates and the Sultanate of Oman, and met with Saudi Crown Prince Fahd in London, Mr. Badran recalled.

He said that during these visits. views were exchanged on the Palestine issue, the forthcoming Arab summit conference, and the King's visit to the United States.

The prime minister said that King Hussein's talks with British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher and Foreign Secretary Lord Carrington "affirmed the sig-

the recognition of the regime that

occupies Jerusalem, it must be

manoeuvres in Egypt were aimed

at forcing Arab countries to accept

Arafat, chairman of the Palestine

Liberation Organisation (PLO), for speaking favourably of the

Iran has also criticised Yasser

Yesterday an Iranian fun-

damentalist publication urged the

foreign ministry to keep a close watch on the PLO mission in Teh-

Mr. Arafat visited Iran after the

1979 revolution and the aut-

horities allowed the PLO to open

offices in the former Israeli emb-

the Saudi peace formula.

He said current U.S. military

nificance of the European role in schood of Israel's pretext that it this phase which we believe to be a positive development for the benefit of the Arab cause, particularly that Britain is heading the European group for this year."

Mr. Badran said that King Hussein explained to President Reagan the developments involving the Palestine issue since the beginning todate. He also reviewed the continuous Israeli aggression on the Arab Nation since the establishment of the Israeli entity, he

Prime Minister Badran added that King Hussein warned the new U.S. administration of the "gravity of Israeli expansionism." He referred in this connection to the Israeli projected canal linking the Mediterranean with the Dead Sea.

The King explained that Jordan views this project as an "aggression on Jordan's sovereignty, an evidence of the continuation of the Israeli policy of expansion and aggression and a proof of the fal- Palestinian people, he added.

seeks peace, particularly that the implementation of this project will take several years, and five nuclear reactors will be established on it without any international con-

trol," the prime minister said. Mr. Badran said King Hussein asserted to the U.S. administration that it "should speak directly to the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and that it is unreasonable to refuse talking to the main party to the conflict."

"The Palestinian people are there, they have a cause, and the PLO is their sole legitimate representative. In any endeavour for peace, one cannot absolutely ignore the PLO, and no positive steps towards the establishment of peace could be achieved if the PLO continues to be ignored." Mr. Badran said.

All Arab countries will refuse to talk on behalf of the PLO and the

Lefland voices hope to enhance Swedish role in Middle East

AMMAN, Nov. 16 (Petra) -Sweden is willing to place its armed forces at the disposal of the United Nations if the U.N. decides to deploy its forces to act as a buffer between Arab and Israeli forces, a top Swedish official said

today. News Agency Petra, Mr. Leif Lefland, deputy foreign minister of Sweden, also stressed the necessity of a total Israeli withdrawal from all occupied territories, the right to self-Palestinians determination and the right of all states in the region to live in peace and security.

Mr. Lefland pointed out that his visit to Jordan and the Arab region is part of a tour to get acquainted with the latest developments in the Middle East, the opinions of the governments in the region on the establishment of a just and durable peace in the region and the role Sweden can play to support such peace solutions.

He said, "Sweden has no solution to the problem, but it can play an important role through the United Nations to establish a just and comprehensive peace in the region. We are ready to place the Swedish army at the disposal of the United Nations if it chooses to deploy U.N. forces in the Arab regions in order to stop the continued conflict between the Arab

Mr. Lefland said that his country's views on the Middle East conflict were identical with those of Jordan.

He said that his discussions with His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, opened new doors for Jordanian-Swedish relations. Prince Hassan suggested the setting up of a Jordanian-Swedish committee to study the possibilities of cooperation in economy, agriculture and ways to encourage and boost tourism bet-

Mr. Lefland also delivered to Prince Hassan a message from King Karl Gustaf of Sweden to His Majesty King Hussein. It deals with a number of issues of mutual interest to both countries, bilateral relations and ways to strengthen cooperation.

Mr. Lefland added that the Swedish government and people desire to boost and develop Jordanian-Swedish relations, particularly after the opening vesterday of the Swedish embassy in Amman as a step to enhance cooperation between the two countries.

He expressed the hope that the future will witness a new Swedish role in the Arab region politically, developmentally and economically.

Mr. Lefland left Amman this afternoon at the end of his threeday visit to Jordan.

Zia receives credentials of new Jordanian envoy

KARACHI, Nov. 16 (Petra) - Pakistani President Mohammad Zia ul-Haq yesterday received the credentials of Majed Al Hajj Hassan, the Jordanian ambassador accredited to Pakistan.

During the ceremony, Gen. Zia praised the wisdom and courage and stands of His Majesty King Hussein in supporting Arab and Islamic causes. The Pakistani leader stressed his country's commitment to support the Arab and Islamic causes and its faith in the justice and legitimacy of the Arab struggle to regain usurped rights. The Pakistani president requested the Jordanian ambassador to

convey his respect and greetings to His Majesty King Hussein and to His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan. Ambassador Hajj Hassan conveyed King Hussein's and Prince

Hassan's greetings to Gen. Zia and praised the strong relations of friendship which link Jordan and Pakistan. He stressed the need to strengthen these relations in the service of the Jordanian and Pakistani people and the Arab and the Islamic nations.

Artillery duel disrupts South Lebanese truce

BEIRUT, Nov. 16 (Agencies) --Tension ran high in South Lebanon today following a two-hour

in Sidon, the governor's office

heavy artillery and rocket fire with Palestinian positions overlooking Nabatiyeh,

The spokesman, who refused to be named, said reports complied by Lebanon's security forces near the scene of hostilities said calm prevailed in the area as both sides took stock of losses. The eruption of the renewed

clashes occurred after the leader of the right-wing militiz forces, Lebanese renegade army officer Saad Haddad, declared he considered the July 24 ceasefire was Aspokesman for the governor's terminated by a landmine exp-office said militia gun positions at losion that killed three of his gun-

Lebanese bombing spree provokes claim, denial, clandestine warning

BEIRUT, Nov. 16 (Agencies) — in mid-air and we hold the French the Liberation of Armenia Two French banks and the Air France office in Lebanon's Christian-controlled areas were bombed overnight and a group calling itself the Orly Org-anisation, believed to be an Armenian group, claimed responsibility, according to the Lebanese daily An Nahar.

An Nahar said a caller purporting to speak for the organisation threatened that its operations "would continue and we warn the French authorities that soon a French plane will explode

government responsible."

The three explosions occurred simultaneously last night and no injuries were reported. The blasts were aimed at the Banque de Paris, and another French bank in the Christian-controlled East Beirut. The third explosion was at the offices of Air France in city of Jounieh, 20 kilometres north of

ASALA denies role

The Armenian Secret Army for

EEC wants it both ways over role in Sinai force

BRUSSELS, Nov. 16 (R) - European Economic Community (EEC) member states are sticking to plans to join a Sinai peacekeeping force but want to leave no doubt about their own independent line on the Middle East conflict, diplomatic sources said

The announcement of a dec-

But diplomatic sources said there was no question of the wil-

to be in two parts, making clear the reasons for EEC support for the Sinai force and the community's commitment to an independent role in bringing peace to the area, the sources said.

ision by four members of the EEC-Britain, France, Italy and the Netherlands-to participate has been held up by drafting pro-

linguess of the four states to take part. Discussions over how the decision should be made public were still going on within the EEC and with the United States, which is sponsoring the force. The announcement is expected

On one hand, the EEC wants to back the Sinai force as a con-

tribution to bringing Arab soil

back under Arab control.

All and the second second second

But at the same time the EEC states do not wish to antagonise Arab opinion by seeming to support the U.S.-sponsored Camp David process, which many EEC diplomats say privately appears to have reached the limits of its effectiveness.

Under the Sinai proposals, Britain, France, Italy and the Netherlands would contribute to a 2,500 man peace-keeping force in the peninsula when Israel withdraws from the area next April as provided for under the Camp David agreement with Egypt.

However. Israel has threatened to veto European participation if the four EEC states insist on linking it with their own independent policy on the Middle East. Greece's new socialist gov-

ernment has raised objections to giving its support to a project which has been criticised by the Arab World for its links with Camp David. EEC foreign ministers are due to discuss the Middle East and the proposed Sinai peace-keeping force at a meeting in Brussels tomorrow, where British Foreign

Secretary Lord Carrington will

report on his recent visit to Saudi

Arabia.

guerrilla group, issued a communique denying it had any involvement in the bomb attacks, the rightist-controlled Voice of Lebanon radio station said today. An Nahar also reported that a scheduled Air France flight to Paris was delayed at Beirut airport

(ASALA), the largest Armenian

Sunday afternoon when an anonymous caller told airport autborities the plane was to be rocketed at take-off.

The craft later departed when a security check found no trace of bombs onboard.

Beirut airport is ringed by for-

tified militia camps, and the strip is

within easy rocket range from almost anywhere in the surrounding mountains. The Orly Organisation had claimed responsibility for two bomb attacks Friday against the Air France office and a French consular building in West Beirut. A

French embassy spokesman said

he believed an Armenian guerrilla group was responsible. Meanwhile, another organisation which has claimed responsibility for a number of recent explosions in West Beirut threatened today to retaliate for the series of bombings linked to Arm-

enian guerrillas. The "Front for the Liberation of Lebanon from Foreigners" gave the warning in a statement phoned to a news agency in Bei-

In its statement today, the front spokesman said: "For the last time the front warns Armenian terrorist organisations against persisting in their irresponsible acts against French interests on Lebmese territory, so that it will not have to reply to them violently and apply the slogan 'no alien will remain on Lebanese territory."

A large Armenian community lives in Lebanon. Its members have Lebanese nationality and are represented in parliament and the government.

King Hassan's envoy stresses Jordanian role at Arab summit

AMMAN, Nov. 16 (Petra) - The Moroccan envoy who delivered to His Highness Prince Hassan, the Regent, an invitation from King Hassan II to His Majesty King Hussein to attend the 24th Arab summit left Amman today.

In a statement to the Jordan News Agency Petra, Mr. Ahmad Rida Kadirah said he held extensive discussions with Prince Hassan on the summit conference to be held Nov. 25 and the topics to be discussed at the meetings, where heads of states of all Arab countries with the exception of Egypt, are scheduled to attend. He added that he found Prince Hassan was fully aware of all the

issues and problems facing the Arab Nation. Jordan's participation in the summit will be a positive and effective factor in the success of the conference, he said. He expressed the hope that all Arab countries, "which are undergoing a crucial phase in their history," will be able to ove-

reoure peripheral differences, unite their ranks, and face problems in a better way and with a unified voice. Mr. Kadirah was seen off at Amman Airport by Chief Chamberlain Prince Ra'd Ibn Zaid, the Moroccan charge d'affaires in

'Because it recognises Israel'

Amman and several high-ranking officials.

'Fahd plan anti-Islamic,' Ayatollah Khomeini rules

rejected."

Saudi plan.

assy in Tehran.

LONDON, Nov. 16 (R) - Iranian leader Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini today denounced Saudi Arabian proposals for Middle East peace and accused the United States of trying to force the

Arabs to accept them. The official Iranian news agency Pars quoted Ayatoliah Khomeini as saying an eight-point peace plan proposed by Saudi Crown Prince Fahd was dangerous to Islam because it recognised the right of Israel to exist. According to Pars, the revolutionary leader told visitors to his Tehran residence: "The com-

would be preferable to accepting such a tilan. There could be nothing more infamous for Muslim, Arabs in particular, than bowing to this wicked plan which is 100 per cent anti-Islam."

plete destruction of all Muslims

He added: "Even if there are some good points in this plan, if such a plan in some form entails

real power they are willing to share.

communists are not voted out of office.

But some hard-line Iranian politicians have criticised the Palestinian leader for failing to condemn what they regard as Iraqi aggression against Iran.

Solidarity negotiators arrive for election talks in Warsaw

WARSAW, Nov. 16 (R) - Six Solidarity negotiating teams arrived in Warsaw today for major talks with the government as arguments flared over how the communists and the free trade union movement could join together in a national front.

Solidarity's deputy Warsaw leader said discredited communist officials must be barred from the front and added that the way to genuinely representative government was through free elections, one of the issues expected to be raised at tomorrow's talks. Official sources said there were differences inside the ruling party over the exact make-up of what is being called a front of national

accord and local party chiefs were instructed yesterday to sound their members on the issue. The authorities want to draw Solidarity into the front to end 16 months of continual crisis, but the unresolved question is bow much

ands for free elections with the constitutionally enshrined principle of communist party supremacy. Local elections are due early next year but the sources said they may have to be postponed unless ways are found to ensure the

The sources said the crux of the problem lay in reconciling dem-

artillery exchange between Israeli-backed right-wing militiamen and Palestinian commandos, Lebanese provincial authorities reported.

described the exchange, which involved mortars, rockets and heavy artillery, as the most serious breach of a ceasefire that was worked out by the United Nations and the United States July 24.

A spokesman for the governor s Marjayoun and Olea's exchanged men, last Friday.

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World Affairs Council meets in D.C. Nov. 19

AMMAN, Nov. 16 (Petra) - Arab-Israeli dispute, and on the Jordanian World Affairs Council member Mr. Taher Hikmat today left for Washington to attend the council's second conference there, which will begin on Nov. 19 in cooperation with Georgetown University.

Several members of the Jordanian delegation at the conference will speak on the Jordanian and Arab views of the

Khatib cables Waldheim

on Israeli acts AMMAN, Nov. 16 (J.T.) - The

President of the General Union of Voluntary Societies in Jordan, Dr. Abdullah Khatib, has sent a cable to U.N. Secretary General Kurt Waldheim and the secretary general's personal representative for the International Year of Disabled Persons, appealing to them to intervene quickly to stop the Israeli occupation authorities' oppression of the Arab residents of the occupied territories.

The cable said that Israel's barbaric and arbitrary acts have caused thousands of disabilities in those territories, particularly among school children.

Palestine issue, as well as other matters involving Arab-American

The Jordanian delegation includes Information Minister Adnan Abu Odeh, Chairman and President of Alia, the Royal Jordanian Airline Mr. Ali Ghandour, the Audit Bureau Director Hashem Al Dabbas and several other Jordanian personalities.

Several Arab intellectuals in the United States will attend the conference, including Lebanese Permanent U.N. Delegate Ghassan Tuweini, Dr. Hisham Sharabi, Dr. Edward Sa'id and professors of political science and economics.

Regent cables Moroccan, Omani leaders

AMMAN, Nov. 16 (Petra) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, has sent a cable to King Hassan II of Morocco congratulating him on Morocco's national day and expressing, in his own name and on behalf of the Jordanian people and government, his wishes for the further progress and prosperity of the Moroccan

Crown Prince Hassan also cabled congratulations to Sultan Oaboos of Ontan on his birthday, wishing further progress and prosperity for the Omani

South Korean team visits Asfour, free zones authority

AMMAN, Nov. 16 (Petra) - A hall between the two sides. The South Korean trade delegation currently visiting Jordan today discussed with Minister of Industry and Trade Walid Asfour means of strengthening economic and trade cooperation between the two countries.

After the talks, a meeting was held at the ministry's conference

Korean delegation was acquainted with prospects for investment in Jordan and the privileges and exemptions allowed by the law to encourage investment.

The head of the Korean delegation proposed the formation of a joint Korean-Jordanian company with large capital, to possess all the technical and technological resources to implement contracts referred to it by Arab countries.

The South Korean delegation also visited today the Free Zones Corporation, where Corporation Director General Ali Al Hassan presented a detailed explanation of the incentives, facilities and exemptions offered in Jordanian free zones. The delegation was also briefed on the possibility of benefiting from the Aqaba and Zarqa free zones, as well as the free zone Jordan intends to be established at the Queen Alia Intemational Airport.

Al al-Bayt Foundation chief leaves for Rome symposium

AMMAN, Nov. 16 (Petra) — The President of the Royal Academy for Islamic Civilisation Research (Al al-Bayt Foundation), Dr. Nassereddin Al Assad, left Amman for Rome today as a representative of His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, at an international symposium on the concept of monotheism in Islam and Christanity.

The symposium, organised by the world progress organisation in Rome, will begin tomorrow and will continue for three days. The symposium will also be attended by the Chief Qadi Sheikh Ibrahim Al Qattan and member of the Royal Academy of the Islamic Civilisation Research Dr. Mohammad Al Ghol

In a statement to Petra, the Jordan News Agency, Dr. Assad said that during the symposium several. research papers will be presented, and will be followed by discussions on the points of convergence between the two religions. He said that Crown Prince Hassan's call for an international humanitarian order, submitted by the Crown Prince to the U.N. General Assembly, will be presented at the

Dr. Assad explained that the Vatican and prominent Christian clergymen have shown a sincere desire to begin a constructive dialogue to reach international understanding based on similarities of thought and ideals. In 1969, he said, the Vatican published a book pointing out the dangers of the ideas of several Christian historians and researchers who, beginning in the early medieval period in Europe, distorted the image of Islam and the Muslims. The book emphasised the need to rectify this image, and present a true picture of Islam.

Several respected international bodies including the Vatican, the World Council of Churches and the U.N. Educational, Scientific

and Cultural Organisation (UNE-SCO) are participating in the

Raouf Abujaber awarded high **Dutch** medal

AMMAN, Nov. 16 (J.T.) --Queen Beatrix of the Netherlands has bestowed one of her country's highest decorations on Mr. Raouf Sa'ad Abujaber, Dutch honorary consul general in Jordan, his office



Mr. Raouf Abujaber (Photo by Artin Markarian)

The decoration, Commander in the Order of Orange Nassau, was presented to Mr. Abujaber during a ceremony at the Dutch foreign ministry in The Hague on Nov. 5. Mr. Abujaber was decorated by Foreign Minister Christoph van

Queen Beatrix received Mr. and Mrs. Abujaber at the Royal Palace in The Hague on Nov. 6.

Pianist performs tomorrow to benefit fund-starved society

By Dina Matar Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN, Nov. 16 - If what the critics say of Lebanese pianist Billy 'Eidi is true, then classical music lovers are in for a treat on Wednesday night.

Scheduled to play at a concert organised by the National Association for the Mentally Handicapped at the Haya Arts Centre, Mr. Eidi is not only expected to send his music-starved audience into raptures, but will also benefit a small portion of Jordan's men-

tally handicapped population.

According to Jordanian law,
each special education centre is allowed to run only two fundraising activities a year. Wednesday's concert is an effort on the part of its organisers to do something for the mentally handicapped in the country, at a time when help is most needed.

Organisation estimates, there are about 20,000 mentally handicapped in Jordan, and only 500 of them are in special education centres. But some specialists here estimate that the actual number of people needing help is even gre-

ecommunications Corporation.

Japanese team arrives to help

at new RSS electronics centre

AMMAN, Nov. 16 (Petra) - A team of Japanese experts arrived in

Amman today for a month-long working visit to the Royal Scientific

Society's (RSS) Electronic Services and Training Centre (ESTC).

missioning of the calibration laboratory at the ESTC, which will be

used to calibrate and electronic equipment and apparatus used by

various establishments in Jordan, notably at the Baq'a satellite gro-

und station, Jordan's radio and television stations and the Tel-

The RSS ESTC, established with the help of the Japanese gov-

ernment, was equipped and built in 16 months at a cost of \$5.5

The Japanese team will complete the installation and com-

According to World Health

the Mentally Handicapped, founded two years ago, is trying hard to help the mentally handicapped in the country; but its meagre funding has strangled many of its eff-

Mr. Ibrahim Kattan, one of the association's founders, told the Jordan Times: "Our hands are tied. We would like to do much more, but we need more donations and financial aid."

In spite of this limitation, the association has been very active. It works not only to benefit children now learning in its nursery in Suweifiveh, but to extend its services to other mentally handicapped young people.

The association has formed the first club for such young men and women, which provides weekly excursions for its members, besides other educational activities. The association has also been a pioneer in initiating educational seminars to acquaint mothers of mentally handicapped children

children.
Besides the fund shortage, Mr. Kattan said "another bottleneck for the association has been the difficulty of finding well-qualified staff to keep an eye on the children

The National Association for and to teach them basic things in 'life," since many of the children are multiply handicapped.

The association is now pre--paring plans to build the biggest centre for the mentally handicapped in Jordan, thanks to a private donation offered by a Kuwaiti citizen. Mr. Kattan said that the new centre will accommodate about 120 children. It will have a nursery, a school and a 'post-school' institute. The institute will emphasise vocational and occupational training, he exp-

The centre will have a special medical care unit, completely equipped with the latest aids used in training the handicapped. The centre's design is now being completed and actual construction will start in a few weeks' time, Mr. Kattan said.

On people's attitudes towards handicapped children, Mr. Kattan pointed out that there has been a change in Jordan's outlook. "But what we need most of all is a spewith the best ways to bring up their cial medical centre that could examine high-risk children after their birth," he said. "We lack this in our country, and parents are sometimes shocked when they find out that their child is abnormal in one way or another."

Mr. Kattan added that the governmental institutions responsible for the welfare of the handicapped should continually follow up their progress and continue mounting awareness campaigns aimed at acquainting the public with the handicapped's plight. To date, the work of the responsible institutions has been deficient in some areas, he said, and many centres have complained about the lack of concern or supervision.

"But our public has made up for this,' Mr. Kattan asserted. "They have become more cooperative, and we hope this awareness will continue.'

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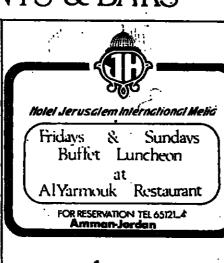
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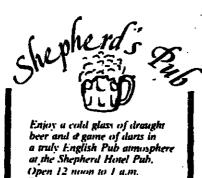
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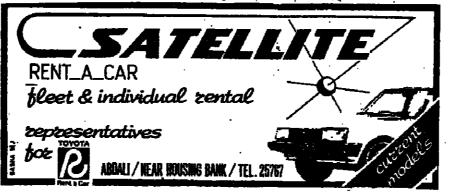
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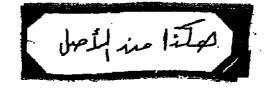
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NATIONAL

Grindlays marks growth with centre opening

AMMAN, Nov. 16 - Mr. N.J. agement of Grindlays Bank Robson, chairman of the Gri-here are clearly representative ndlays banking group, yes- of this trend." terday reviewed a long history

economic growth of Jordan. . . Speaking at the opening ceremony of the bank's new Grindlays Centre in Shmeisani, Mr. Robson said: "It has been the honour of the Ottoman Bank gressive policies." and Grindlays Bank to have contributed to, and participated in, the economic growth of Jordan and its people." Outlining the development of Jordan's baking industry, in which Grindlays has played a prominent role, he said, "modern management techniques have been introduced by the banking industry and the present man-

Referring to the introduction of cooperation by his bank and of "greater professionalism," its predecessor, the Ottoman the modernisation of man-Bank, in the development and agement, organisational restructuring, the improvement of facilities and the upgrading of professional staff, Mr. Robson said, "This Grindlays Centre is tangible evidence of these pro-

> The new centre includes general management, corporate and multi-national banking units, an Amman central processing unit, a staff training school and a customer services branch. The first-floor bank branch replaces Grindlays' old Jabal Hussein branch.

Following is the full text of Mr. Robson's address:



Mr. Ronald S. Cordingley, General Manager of Gri ndlays Bank in Amman (left) and his wife welcome Central Bank Governor Dr. Mohammad Sa'id Nabulsi (middle) and his assistant, Mr. Hussein Al Qassem.

(photos by Artin Markarian; Middle East Communicators)



It gives me great pleasure to welcome you today to the formal opening of Grindlays Centre, to celebrate with us the completion of a further stage in the development of Grindlays Bank in Jordan.

The occupation of this building is the final stage of many months of negotiations, planning and construction, and 1 would like to pay tribute to all who have been involved in this important new project. Although they are too numerous to name individually, a special word of thanks is due to the property's owner, Mr. Mohammad Kilani, to our architects and engineering consultants and to the contractors, Messrs Arabtech and their respective staffs, through whose cooperation and efforts our vision has become reality.

As most of you will know, Grindlays Bank, and its predecessor in Jordan the Ottoman Bank, have a long and proud association with this country stretching back for well over 50 years, for it was in the 1920s that the Ottoman Bank made banking history here as the first bank to open a branch in the

From this early, small start the Ottoman Bank extended its services both to the public and private sectors, and was for many years bankers to the government here until the present Central Bank was established.

Resulting from this and other privileged relationships, it has been the honour of the Ottoman Bank and Grindlays Bank to have contributed to, and participated in, the economic growth of Jordan and its people.

As the country's development accelerated its financial and banking needs grew proportionately and, to meet these growing requirements, we have seen and welcomed the establishment of new commercial banking institutions, as well as the creation of the Central Bank of Jordan to which I have already referred-although "new" is hardly the correct word

for institutions established many years ago. With the passage of time the monetary authorities have introduced sophisticated management techniques to regulate the banking industry and to provide Jordan with monetary stability. In parallel, modern management techniques have been introduced by the baking industry and the present management of Grindlays Bank here are clearly representative of this trend.

Recently the main thrust of their efforts has been towards the introduction of greater professionalism in the management of the business. This has involved modernising processing procedures, the re-structuring of our organisation to serve more efficiently the wide range of customers, the improvement of our premises and working conditions and improvement of professional skills through comprehensive training programmes which are available within Jordan and from the bank's training centres in other cou-

On this vital subject of staff training, it gives me pleasure to know that the training facilities available to our Jordanian

staff are of a very high standard.

This Grindlays Centre is tangible evidence of these progressive policies, for within this building there are the general management, the corporate and multi-national banking units, a central processing unit for our eight Amman branches, the staff training school and a new customer services

Having so many important functions here together will mean that the best of our skills and services will be available to all our customers in Amman without any loss of existing personal contact by customers with the managers of our retail branches.

With the improvement in communications which is taking place now in this country, we hope that it will not be long before the whole of our branch network will be linked to an even more advanced processing system which will compare favourably with the best equipment in many of the countries in which Grindlays Bank Group operates. The number of these countries is now 41, with the recent establishment of a representative office in Brazil.

As I have already said, the growth of our bank in Jordan has followed closely the progress of Jordan itself, and we acknowledge that this would not have been possible without the help, guidance, and encouragement we have received from government and the Central Bank. I must also mention the importance we attach to inter-bank cooperation, which has played a major part in our growth and that of the banking industry generally.

Under His Majesty King Hussein's wise and capable rule, Jordan enjoys peace and stability and, because of this, we in Grindlays believe we can look forward confidently to achleving further progress in this country. Our confidence in Jordan has been demonstrated by the large investment we have made in the completion of this fine building and in the modernisation of our main branch in King Hussein Street. It is our hope that the completion of these projects will signal the commencement of a new and successful stage in Grindlays' association with the Kingdom of Jordan. With this prospect in mind, it gives me great pleasure in formally decjaring Gindlays Centre open.



Mr. Robson delivers his speech at the ceremony.



There was no ribbon at the ceremony, but Mrs. Robson cut a cake, the icing for which depicted the famous Grindlays elephant.



Mr. Robson chats with journalists Salim Samawi of Al Ra'l (extreme left), Fernando Francis of the Jordan Times (back to camera) and Mohammad Shanti of Ad Dustour (right). Also seen is Michael Nimri of Middle -East Communicators.

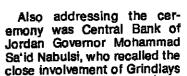
ntries in which the Grindlays Bank Group operates through an extensive international network of over 200 branches and offices. The Bank's roots in

1927 wikin the Ottoman Bank was the first Bank to establish a lowed by the opening of bra-

Jordan is one of the 40 cou- Jordan go back to 30th August, nches in Irbid (1949) and Aqaba number of branches to 13 in (1956). Three more branches

> were opened during the 1960's branch in Amman. This was fol- and a further six during the closed. Total assets in Jordan early 1970's bringing the total presently stand at JD 66 million.

addition to the five West Bank branches which are temporarily



Also addressing the cer- Bank and the Ottoman Bank in Jordan's growth, and congratulated the bank on its new centre. Following is the text of Dr. Nabulsi's address:



The Governor of the Central Bank of Jordan

I am very pleased to participate with you and in the presence of the chairman of the board of directors of the Grindlays Group in opening this new centre for Grindlays Bank, which will include the bank's general management and a substitute branch for the Jabal Hussein branch.

The Grindlays Group, and before it the Ottoman Bank Group, as you know, are among the banking institutions. which took the lead in serving the region in general, and Jordan in particular. Since its establishment in Jordan in the late 1920s, the bank's management has exerted enormous efforts to meet the needs of the young Jordanian economy. and mounted operations which could be performed only by:

Grindlays Bank branches are now the most widespread commercial bank branches in Jordan. This is due to years of industries work, in which the bank's management has always proven its cooperativeness and responsiveness to the requirements of development and modernisation in the bank.

On this occasion, I would like to extend my utmost thanks and gratitude to the bank's general management in London. and its Amman management. I would also like to express my personal congratulations and those of my colleagues at the Central Bank for this new centre. We all hope that it will be a new step on the path of the bank's progress and fruitful work for the good of this country and its prosperity.



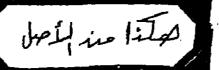
Mr. Cordingley (left) and Mr. A.C.F. Thomson, Man aging Director of Grindlays' Middle East and Africa Division, chat with British Ambassador Alan Urwick

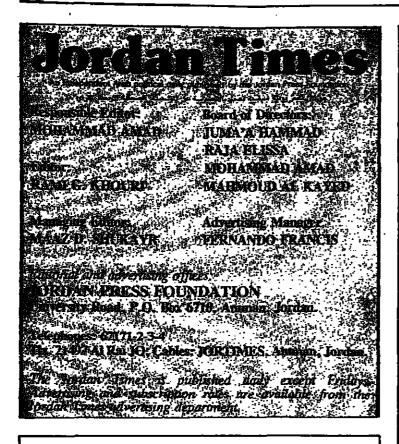


Dr. Nabulsi and Mr. Robson.



Dr. Nabulsi delivers his speech on the occasion.





The name of the game

THOSE who take an interest, as we do, in semantic acrobatics and the deceptive word-manipulation often practised in international politics may also have enjoyed the cartoon reproduced below, which appeared in these pages a few days ago.

While the appropriateness may not be readily apparent, to us it is telling. Woodstock, clearly having been persuaded by Snoopy that he might enjoy this new sport, gives it a game go, only to find it's not as much fun as he thought. But Snoopy, anxious at the thought of losing his only playmate, makes one more attempt to keep him playing: it may seem a little rough, he says, but "that's the name of the game." The hapless little bird is dubious.

In Snoopy's case, he was trying to convince Woodstock that the game of football was really named "Bootbonk", hoping that in this way, when the bird got "bonked", he wouldn't be so unhappy. But it didn't work.

In the world outside comic strips, such attempts do. all too often, succeed. Those who pursue aggression and violence under another name are sometimes able to mask the reality of their actions and make them appear innocent or even righteous. And here in the Middle East, the true aggressors -- those who colonise, expropriate and transform the land of others -- are successful in making themselves appear the victims through an incessant disinformation campaign in western countries.

Israel, however, will never be able, no matter what name it uses -- be it autonomy, limited self-government, or whatever else -- to convince its victims to play along. Like the little bird in Peanuts, the Palestinian people have had more than enough of this game, and want no part of it.

The true name of the game is injustice, and we don't think we believe.









ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

Uprising continues

AL RA'L: The uprising of our people in the occupied Arab territories has entered its third week. It is clear that the methods of oppression, repression and terrorism practised by the occupation authorities have not affected our people's determination, nor have they been able to make our people submit short of realising their objective of foiling the establishment of the "civilian administration" conspiracy.

It is also clear that our oppressed people have escalated their resistance by adopting new methods to confront the enemy which has also escalated its oppression and brutality to stamp out our people's rising.

Our people staged massive demonstrations yesterday. They clashed with the enemy that arrested a number of them. The hunger strikes declared by Arab university students in Nablus and in other occupied cities prove that the current confrontation between the steadfast kinfolk and the occupation forces constitutes a unique stage in the struggle of the Palestinian people and in the Arab-Israeli conflict. This stage will undoubtedly have its clear influence on the stands and convictions of the various powers.

Right is might

AL DUSTOUR: The results of the Israeli diplomatic campaign in Washington and the Israeli plots and conspiracies to impose autonomy on the occupied territories will never hush the thundering voice of our people who are struggling not only against autonomy and the civilian administration conspiracies but also against all Zionist terrorist practices. The voice of our people is the voice of justice resounding from houses, schools, universities, mosques and from every part of our occupied homeland.

Our unarmed but faithful sons are confronting the enemy despite its weapons and oppressive measures. We hope that world politicians will understand that no peace plan will succeed in the

region unless it is based in justice.

If the Israelis want peace and to live in security, they have to be good at speaking the language of peace. All those seeking to establish peace in the region must understand this fact. They must abandon the notion that Israel's military strength makes it more receptive to ideas about peace.

Weapons were made for war. No one has ever heard that guns and planes have participated in any peace conference. We have many examples from history about unarmed peoples who defended their rights against invaders and proved that right is might.

POLITICAL HORIZON

False hopes and psychedelic solutions

ONE of the constant features of the Middle East political scene is its perpetual changeability from one moment to the next. And while this may give nightmares to would-be prophets, soothsayers or poltical analysts wishing to chart the future, it also provides its own excitement and tempo. The psychedelic effects with shifting patterns as well as the constant rise and fall of political temperatures reflect the

lie within the area itself. Who manipulates its shifting sands? Who controls its destiny? Who decides what, where and how? Are all questions of immense relevance, yet with no immediate answers at hand? Why is it that the features of the area are undergoing con-

shifting alliances, the fickle or

solid commitments and the fact

that the area's destiny does not

stant change reflecting the moods, ideas, interests and policies of others? Why the situation of the area

has reached such a debased status is a question that cannot be tackled here. Yet, surely the peoples of the area are as much to blame as are those who desire it to remain in such a state. The giants are no doubt at ease when the Lilliputians are busy with each other. Why not, when their interests are not threatened in any way whatsoever? Communication lines - air, sea and land - are open; oil is flowing to the point of glut; inflated petrodollars are reinvested where they should. not be; trade stronger than normal; while a constant stream of seemingly useless, albeit very costly, weapons keep flowing into the area from both

Leaders of the area rarely if ever -- address their people, consult with them or try ideas on them: even when what is at stake is an extremely important issue. When a statement is made it is rarely made for local consumption or to inform the local audience. Important statements are made for people elsewhere, and when serious consultations are to be held, leaders of the area travel to see each other or they travel abroad. Those whose tastes are "easterly" find solace in Moscow; those with occidental palates find their solace in Washington; while everybody woos the European capitals which. with false modesty, over-protest their inability to do any

thing any way. It is thus that the features of the political landscape shift without real change. It is like

false dreams which are made more unreal by the fact that the dreamer is really not asleep. And whether the shift in the psychedelic coloration is sudden or evolutionary, it is always only skin-deep designed to maintain the status quo undemeath.

By Dr. Kamel S. Abu Jaber

Even the Israelis have to plead their case elsewhere; witness last week's "national" delegation composed of the major political parties going off to the United States to voice Israeli opposition to the Saudi peace plan.

Solutions, like ideas imported from abroad, will not take root in native soil. The masses of the Arab peoples watch with seemingly disinterested fascination the goings and comings of visitors, peace-makers, fact-finders, lecturers, and politicians of various ranks. Will any of them ever hit uopn a realistic solution? Arab masses wonder. They know, however, that the only reality that will remain is

the truth.

The truth is fogged over, beclouded and deliberately obfuscated to lull them into a false sense of security; the security that someone is trying to do something. They know, however, that what they see is only movement designed to conceal the utter helplessness of the situation and they also know that what is being projected to them is not really there. They also know that underneath it all, they are there and that one day someone is bound to consult with them, and that ultimately the spectators will control the destiny of the conjurer

however clever he may be.

the formula

DAMASCUS - The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and some of the Arab countries appear divided about what attitude to take towards Saudi Arabia's plan for Middle East settlement.

Jeremy Clift discusses

the mixed reaction of

the Arab World to the Saudi peace plan announced by Prince Fahd

in August. He also ass-

esses its chances of being adopted by the

Arab summit in Fez,

Morocco on Nov. 25.

Debate

on

Foreign ministers of the "Steadfastness and Confrontation Front," which includes Syria, Libya, South Yemen, Algeria and the PLO. are due to meet today to thrash out a common approach.

The Saudi eight-point blueprint for ending more than 30 years of conflict in the Middle East was announced by Crown Prince Fahd in August and will be discussed at an Arab summit meeting in Morocco which opens on November 25.

The plan, which has been flatly rejected by Israel, calls for the creation of a Palestinian state and the withdrawal of the Israelis from territory occupied in the 1967 Middle East war.

But its implicit recognition of the state of Israel, a point which has been welcomed by Western European countries. has divided those who now hope to agree a joint position before the Morocco summit.

PLO chief Yasser Arafat has expressed guarded approval of the Fahd plan by saying it contains positive points, and has left public criticism to other PLO figures.

But in a visit to the Saudi capital Rivadh earlier this month as part of consultations with Arab leaders before the summit, Mr. Arafat pushed Saudi Arabia beyond the eight-point declaration by securing agreement to bring the Soviet Union into future peace

This followed the granting of formal diplomatic status to the ing a trip to Moscow by Mr.

Arafat. The Camp' David accords between Israel and Egypt were rejected by most Arab states, including Saudi Arabia, because they provided only for autonomy and not an independent state for the Palestinians.

Some Arab countries see the Fahd plan, along with West European suggestions for Middle East peace, as simply a continuation of the Camp David process in a different guise and thus reject it. Some observers predicted

that two Arab camps might emerge at the Fez summit, one side supporting Saudi Arabia and the other, composed of the Steadfastness and Confrontation Front, resisting it.

The front could be joined by Iraq which has also criticised the Saudi proposals and expressed resentment at being left out of a new alliance of Gulf states.

Many Arab commentators and western diplomats feel, however, that the position of the front members could just be a negotiating tactic.

Syria, which signed a 20year treaty of friendship with Moscow last year, has avoided making an official statement on the plan, although Mohammed Haidar, a senior official in the country's ruling Baath Party, has said the Damascus leadership considered it "conflicted with our strategy."

He said the timing, content and presentation of the plan were wrong and he criticised Prince Fahd for making a unilateral declaration rather than going through the Arab Lea-

Prince Fahd has said the proposals should be regarded as a substitute for Camp David and called on Arabs to discuss them "so that they can be transformed into a pan-Arab peace plan."

This has left the door open for changes in the plan, with some Arabs pushing for it to be toughened up. But all Arabstates recognise that for it to have any chance of success, it must receive the blessing of the United States.

They see Washington, which has said it is sticking with Camp David for the moment, as crucial in putting pressure on Israel in future negotiations.

Ostopolitik, the West and the German question

In the first of two features on "The German question," correspondent Paul Taylor examines how the East-West conflict has produced a new mood of frustration and bitterness in West Germany.

BONN — The German question is back. Actually it never really went away. But a decade of detente gave most West Germans the feeling that progress was being made in solving the intractable problem of German nationhood.

From 1969, former Chancellor Willy Brandt extended the hand of reconciliation to Bonn's eastern neighbours, above all to Communist East Germany, the German Democratic Republic of which Mr. Brandt had once said it was "neither German, nor democratic, nor a republic."

The motto in those days was change through rapprochement, a belief that in the long term, Eastern Europe might slowly. lib.eralise and be drawn closer to the West. The process became known as ostpolitik.

Apart from economic and humanitarian benefits, ostpolitik enabled many West Germans, who being good Europeans, to feel for the first time they could also be good Germans without bearing the stigma of Hitler's atrocities.

East and West.

But at least since political crisis erupted in Poland last year, the visions stirred by ostpolitik have faded and a new mood of bitterness, frustration and impatience seems to be replacing Human contacts with East

Germany were cut in half by last year's drastic rise in the currency exchange requirements for Western visitors to the "socialist state of the German nation." Symbolically, the East Germans

even raised the height of the Berlin wall -- the physical barrier separating two hostile social systems. During the cold war, West Germans made up for their desire

for reunification with the prospect of ever higher living standards. Today's gloomier economic prospects offer no such relief. In the bitter debates of the early 1970s, the West German right drew heavily on the language of nationalism to attack Mr. Brandt's ostpolitik, branded as "the sell-

out of Germany." But it is the left which has aro-

used national feelings in recent months, for quite different rea-

A militant peace movement spurred by a sense of Germany as both the victim of superpower rivalry and the potential saviour of Europe from a nuclear holocaust, is questioning the post-war European order.

But some critics see in it a stitring of romantic idealism, and a disregard for political reality, which bring back uncomfortable memories.

When some foreign journalists, Americans and Europeans, asserted that the West German left was inciting nationalist and anti-American feelings.

Conservative opposition leader Helmut Kohl said last week that West Germany faced the threat of new neutralism combining with old-style German nationalism.

A senior government politician, just back from Washington, complained: "Several of my conversation partners, in the Reagan administration and in Congress, seemed convinced that the peace movement was something resembling the Nazi Nuremberg ral-

Chancellor Helmut Schmidt, himself a staunch Atlanticist, told visiting U.S. editors last month he was convinced the peace movement had nothing to do with lef-

Some veteran peace campaigners are using nationalist talk, describing, the 250,000 American soldiers here as "an army of occupation" and calling Bonn's att-

tist nationalism.

'unconditional surrender." "Reagan's peace is our death," proclaimed one large banner at last month's Bonn demonstration against the deployment of new U.S. nuclear missiles in Europe, the biggest protest in post-war

itude towards Washington one of

German history. A spate of books and magazine articles have focused on the theme of "battlefield Germany" -- a helpless country on the ideological fault-line between capitalism and communism where the war of words could become a deadly real-

A young Cologne computer technician, interviewed after the demonstration, summed up this worry: "It's their missiles -- the between the superpowers. Americans' and the Russians' -which divide us Germans in East

and West." The same sentiment ran thr-

ough a letter which East German dissident Professor Robert Havemann sent to Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev last month, demanding the removal of Soviet and U.S. forces from German soil so that the two Germanies could reunite in peace. Mr. Havemann's appeal, signed by several West German peacemovement intellectuals, pointed

to what many Germans might hope to attain from a conceivable European nuclear-tree-zone. Guenter Gaus, Bonn's former permanent representative in East Berlin, suggested recently that West Germany should sound out East Germany about a possible

free-zone in central Europe. Unlike Professor Havemann, Mr. Gaus believes the separation of the two German states should be recognised as final.

joint move to promote a nuclear-

But like the Havemann letter, his call was based on the premise that East and West Germany could together play a pivotal role

LETTERS

Bring back the awards

To your voice calling upon the government to re-examine its present policy of awarding works contracts to the lowest bidder (Jordan Times editorial, Shoddy Work, Nov. 15) please add mine and those of many others who feel the same way about this important issue.

More reasons to justify the call for change (rather than reexamination) of this policy than the ones you mentioned can be given. But what is the point of listing when most people know them by heart and are already fed up with the public sector's

inaction to try and tackle this chronic problem? By the way, what happened to those awards which you at one stage intended to give to public agencies that are functioning (or malfunctioning) beyond the call of their duties? One more award at least is needed.

> Faris J. Masarwah Amman

Letters intended for publication should be adversed "Letters to the Editor", and sent to the Jordan Times, P.O. Box 6710, Amman, Jordan. The letters must include the writer's name and signature and preferably the writer's adress as well. Letters may be abridged and edited. We are unable to acknowledge all letters, but value the views of readers who submit them.

Israel violates human rights

By Cheryl Hanks and Edmund R. Hanauer

Despite what apologists for Israel say, we believe the evidence of Israeli human rights violations is

overwhelming.
A petition recently signed by 400 American clerics and religious leaders cites Israel for violating numerous articles of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and the fourth Geneva Convention. Israeli violations cited include: torture, collective punishment, arbitrary arrest and detention, annexation of occupied territory, destruction of property, forcible transfers and deportation, transfer of the occupying powers own population into the occupied area, and denial of the right to return to one's own homeland (a right Israelis demand for Soviet Jews).

The sources of evidence that Israel has violated these rights are: Amnesty International, the U.S. State Department, the Israeli League for Human and Civil Rights, the International Committee of the Red Cross, the International Commission of Jurists, various bodies of the United Nations and the Israeli press itself.

Amnesty International (A.I) issued a publication on Sept. 1. calling for the Israeli government to set up a public, impartial inquiry into charges of mistreatment and torture of imprisoned Palestinians. While A.I. was not able to draw firm conclusions as to the existance of torture, A.J. notes that prima facia evidence of torture does exist. The Israeli League for Human

and Civil Rights issued a report (April 28, 1980) charging that mistreatment of West Bank Palestinians has "become the norm." The League cited the situations in the refugee camps of Jalazun and

Fortunately, Israel is a society which still tolerates dissent. Journalists, members of the Knesset. military, peace and human rights groups are now willing to overlook violations of human rights. Inadequate U.S. news coverage of human rights violations and of dissent within Israel helps no one.

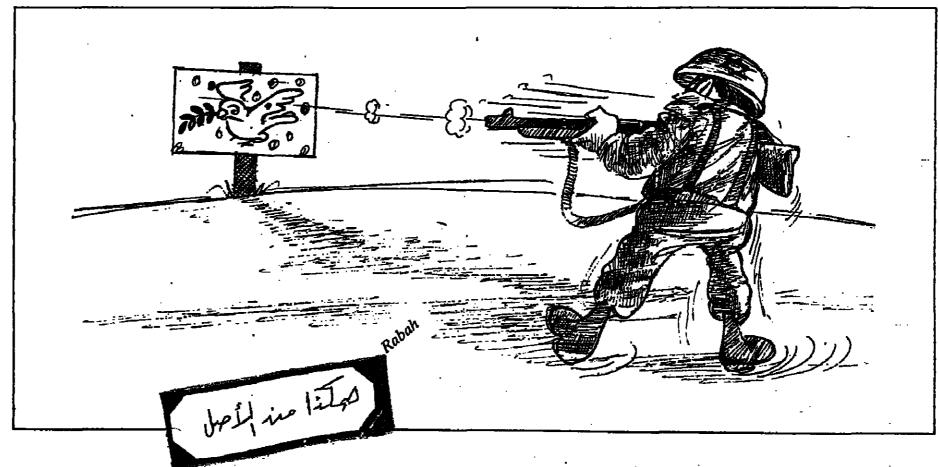
If we are sincerely interested in

peace and stability in the Middle East, we must give up the fiction that Palestinians are a group of irrational terrorists determined to perpetrate a second holocaust. Gaza and West Bank Palestinians are a people who are harrassed in their own land by a military authority which has confiscated or annexed over one-third of the West Bank and operates on over 900 unpublished laws (military

orders).

Egypt and our European allies, among others, have made it clear that rights of Palestinians are not only an end in themselves -- as important as Israeli rights - but that Palestinian rights are compatible with, indeed, are an indispensable means to the goal of Israeli security. It is not surprising, then, that 59 percent of Jews (and 72 per cent of the general public) told a Harris survey that they support a West Bank -- Gaza Palestinian state alongside a secure

Cheryl Hanks is communications co-director and Edmund R. Hanauer is executive director of Search for Justice and Equality in Palestine, From the Boston Herald American.



ECONOMY

Kuwait urged to regulate stock market

KUWAIT, Nov. 16 (R) — The Kuwait stock exchange, eighth largest in the world by turnover, needs regulation to reduce speculation and protect small investors, a conference on its development was told.

The exchange, which lists shares worth about seven billion Kuwaiti dinars (\$25 billion), has been plagued by speculation which caused sharp fluctuations in share prices, Kuwait Chamber of Commerce President Abdul Aziz Al Sagar told the gathering.

"Speculation is healthy if reasonable but when excessive it turns into gambling," he said.

The Kuwait exchange, which began trading in 1977 in a row of former shop basements, lists the shares of 43 companies, and turnover so far this year is estimated at 1.8 billion dinars (\$6.5 billion). Mr. Sagar called for market improvements, including the publication by companies listed on the exchange of comprehensive financial data and a complete review of laws covering the exchange. Ibrahim Al Zourban of the Kuwait Investment Company urged

Kuwait to resolve the position of Gulf shareholding companies,

formed in other Gulf states by Kuwaitis whose own country has limited investment outlets for their oil wealth.

He said Gulf companies had a negative influence on the Kuwait

The Gulf companies were formed mainly in the poorer emirates of the United Arab Emirates (UAE) and in Bahrain but their shares are traded unofficially by dealers in Kuwait.

The Kuwaiti commerce ministry gave the exchange permission earlier this year to list the Gulf companies' shares, subject to meeting certain standards, but only two firms have so far been listed.

Stock trading on Kuwait exchanges is confined to Kuwaiti nationals, who have the highest per capita income in the world. The conference was organised by the Kuwait Chamber of Commerce, the Industrial Bank of Kuwait, Kuwait International Investment Company and Kuwait Foreign Trading, Contracting and

China's quest for foreign

By Alain Cass and Colina MacDougall

China faces hard economic choices about how much it can safely borrow abroad to improve on its ageing and inefficient industrial base.

to be reviewing the borrowing options open to them as China's sixth Five Year Plan is being drafted. Under the present restrictive guidelines which stem from the rea-lisation in 1979 that overambitious planning had left China dangerously overextended, there are very few.

The need to make the choice quickly is given added urgency by the fact that China may need to import even more again next year, despite a record harvest in 1981. to make up the shortfall caused by the worst droughts and floods to hit the country since 1949.

In the medium term, the balance of payments problem may become even more acute. As the World Bank points out in its first report on China, the country is likely to become a net oil importer by the end of the decade. Some observers think this may happen even sooner.

The Chinese have three basic options open: -- The IMF and World Bank: China has drawn a quarter of its 1.8 billion Special Drawing Rights quota from the Fund, but is unable to reach agreement over the second and third tranches. Reports that China is seeking a further \$6 billion balance of payments loan have been denied both in Washington and Peking.

But officials at the Bank of exchange transactions. concede interest can be justified.

Officials in Peking are now likely that "we would like to borrow more than we have done." The officials merely say that there is a problem over the terms and con-

> Mr. Shang Min, Vice-Chairman of the People's Bank of China, the country's central bank, says that 'not a word" was mentioned about further Chinese borrowings when he was in Washington for the IMF/World Bank meeting earlier this month.

This may be true, if only because the Chinese would not wish to put themselves in a position where they asked for more funds. and were refused. China has already borrowed

\$200 million from the World Bank and officials say it is looking for more. It is unlikely to get it. bowever, because of the World Bank's own difficulties --Government-backed credits: These would, in most cases, be tied to exports from the lending country. This reduces considerably China's flexibility in shopping around for the equipment best suited to its needs. The amount on offer to date is around \$12 billion -- only a fraction of which has been taken up. Commercial credits: Most Chinese officials still baulk at the idea of paying the going rate for commercial funds, even though some of them are slowly beginning to appreciate that if a project is suf-China, which handles all foreign ficiently profitable high rates of

Some officials speak cautiously of medium-term syndicated loans, though there is no immediate sign that this is likely to become official

Investment Company.

The World Bank report says that China has been offered more than \$12 billion in short and medium-term commercial bank credits, virtually none of which has been taken up.

Plans to make a major Yen bond issue in Japan have been dropped and are only likely to be revived when relations with Japan

China's annual borrowing requirements abroad will increase from \$1.2 billion in 1980 to anything from a low of \$2.7 billion and a high of \$6.8 billion in 1990, depending on how fast the economy and, in particular, the trade sector grows.

unreliable and disagreements within the leadership over China's economic priorities over the next few years make it very difficult for them to come up with an accurate assessment of their borrowing

Borrowing needs, however, will be largely determined by China's ability to earn foreign exchange. China's earnings from energy --\$5 billion in 1980 or 25 per cent of the total - are likely to decline with the expected fall in oil output.

Invisible earnings, chiefly tourism and remittances from ove-The World Bank estimates that rseas Chinese, will help. The best hope lies in the rapid growth of manufactured exports but these are likely to be hampered by a combination of poor quality and high tariffs.

> Chinese officials say they have not yet worked out their detailed

China urgently needs to borrow abroad to patch up its ageing and inefficient industry. But where is the money to come from?

Total foreign debts outstanding at the end of 1990 amounted to \$3.4 billion, or less than 20 per cent of China's foreign exchange earnings. Of this, \$200 million \$300 million is in official loans and the rest is in supplier credits, deferred import payments and commercial bank loans.

According to the World Bank. the level of debt outstanding in 1990, even if loans reach \$6.8 billion, will be less than 6 per cent of the bank's projections for the total debt of all developing countries at the end of the decade. The Chinese adamantly refuse

to discuss their own perception of their loan requirements over the next five years.

Statistics remain notoriously

borrowing needs and this is probably true. China's sixth Five Year Plan is still on the drawing board and the strong impression one gets in Peking is of an economy that will be fed from hand to mouth for the next few years.

The Chinese also have to overcome their deep-rooted fear of pawning their future to foreign money-lenders. The Polish experience has undoubtedly added to their misgivings about borrowing

But these doubts will have to give way to a realistic appraisal of the long-term benefits of judicious borrowing if China is to get its economy going again.

Financial Times news feasure

Stockman accused of deceiving Congress

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16 (R) — Democrats in the U.S. Congress expressed doubts yesterday about the credibility of President Reagan's economic programme and accused Budget Director David Stockman of deceiving Congress and the administration.

But Murray Weidenbaum, chairman of the president's council of economic advisers, said Mr. Reagan should stick to his original plans for large spending and tax cuts to revive the economy.

Many members of Congress, including Republicans, believe Mr. Stockman's quoted criticisms of the administration's economic programme in the latest issue of

expected, dealers said.

index lost 12.5 points to close at 506.7.

Amsterdam but the declines were moderate.

industrial production during October.

during the first half of next year.

West's share prices fall sharply

NEW YORK, Nov. 16 (R) - Share prices in the United States.

Canada and Europe fell sharply today amid fears by investors that

the economic slide in the U.S. would be longer and steeper than

In New York the Dow Jones industrial average dropped 10.66

The Toronto stock market fell 41.5 points to 1,880.3, partly

due to gloom over last week's budget calling for restraint in

government spending.
Share prices also fell in Paris, Frankfurt, Zurich, Milan and

The Wall Street decline came as the U.S. government forecast a

big rise in unemployment in the coming months from the current

eight per cent and after Friday's report of a 1.5 per cent drop in

Dealers said investors' fears about the U.S. economic downtum

U.S. Treasury Secretary Donald Regan has forecast that the

were contributing to the fall on European markets though trading

was generally light, unlike the heavy selling of stocks today on

gross national product, the total value of goods and services,

would fall by an annual rate of three to 3.5 per cent during the

fourth quarter but President Reagan has predicted a recovery

LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON, Nov. 16 (R) — U.K. government bonds closed firm.

although below their days highs, while equities drifted lower,

Bonds closed with gains of up to 11/4 point at the longer end

amid market hopes of further falls in U.S. interest rates. Equities

were led lower by electricals, which had GEC down 23p to 729p.

Other leaders fell by up to 12p.
Gold shares fell at most 350 cents following the dip in the

bullion price, while U.S. and Canadians were mixed to lower.

Government bonds rose amid strong early buying, dealers said.

Disappointment at no reduction in the Bank of England's money

market intervention rate and light profit-taking left longs around

14 point below best levels. Shorts closed little changed ahead of

Thursday's tender for the new 14 per cent 1987 stock. Industrial

leaders saw falls of between 8p and 10p in Glaxo, Hawker Sid-

deley. BOC and ICI. In insurances, Royal was down 15p at 360p

after 353p following interim profits below market expectations.

Other insurers eased at most op, while banks shed up to 10p.

B P. and Shell eased by 6p and 10p respectively in lower oils.

dealers said. At 1500 the F.T. index was down 12.5 to 506.7.

points to 845.22 by midday while in London the Financial Times

the magazine Atlantic Monthly have shaken public faith in the recovery plan and damaged the budget director's effectiveness.

Concern over Mr. Stockman's public misgivings are likely to curtail his wide-ranging congressional activities and force him to adopt a lower profile, administration sources said.

Although Mr. Reagan refused to accept his budget director's resignation, reaction to Mr. Stockman's quoted remarks has made it clear his future is in doubt.

The chairman of the House of Representatives budget committee, Oklahoma Democrat James Jones, said Mr. Stockman's

administration's lack of faith in 'their own numbers."

In the magazine article, Mr. Stockman expressed doubt that the economic programme could work and said the president's tax cut plan was a trojan horse packaged as a reduction for everyone but really intended to benefit the

Emest Hollings, the ranking Democrat on the Senate budget committee, said the Atlantic Monthly report had shaken Mr. Reagan's credibility on the economy.

He charged that the budget director had deceived the administration, Congress and himself. Mr. Weidenbaum defended the

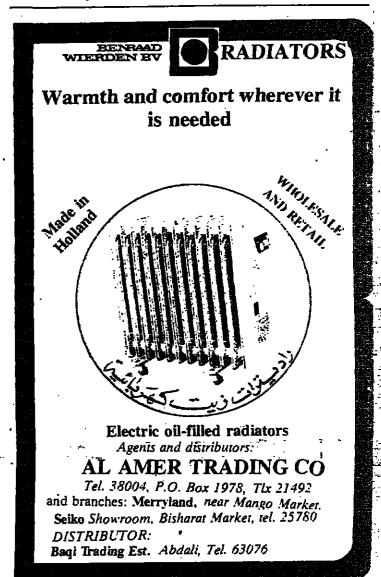
president's strategy of budget cuts and tax reductions, calling it "a very balanced programme." He said primary attention now would be given to reducing government spending and that no

departmental budget would be excluded from scrutiny for possible reductions. Even the defence. budget probably could be examined for further economies, he

Oman uses solar power to relay TV programmes

MUSCAT, Nov. 16 (A.P.) - Oman Television has opened the first solar powered transmission station in the region. It will relay Muscat programmes to the Ibri governorate and surrounding areas.

Ibri lies on the landward side of the giant Jebel Akhdar which cuts it off from normal transmissions from the main transmitter at Qurm. the TV headquarters near Muscat.



TIMES DAILY GI

JORDAN TELEVISION CHANNEL 3

5:30	Kore
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6:05	Cartoo
6:30	Children's Programm
	Children's Programm
	Local Programm
7:25	Local Programm
8:00	News in Arab
8:30	Arabic Serie
9:30	Local Programm
10:28	Variety Sho

News in Arabic

CHANNEL	6
7:00	French Frogramme News in French News in Hebrew News in Arabic Comedy Documentary News in English Variety Show

RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz AM & 99 MHz

FM	THE AM & GO MILE
7:00	Sign on
7:01 .	Morning Show
7:50 .	News Bulletin
7:49	Morning Show
IGGG	News Headlines
10:30	Pop Session
11:30	Sign off
12:00	News Headlines
12:03	Pop Session
1,3:00	News Summary
13.03	Pop Session News Bulletin
14:00	News Bulletin
14:10	Instrumentals
14:30	Country Music
15:00	Concert Hour
	News Summary
16:03	Instrumentals
16:30	Old Favourites
17:00	Inventions and Discoveries
17:30	Pop Session
18:00	News Summary
18:63 .	Top Twenty
18:30	Top Twenty
19:00	
19:30	Instrumentals
20:00	Evening Show
21:00	News Summary
21:63	Evening Show

BBC WORLD SERVICE 639, 720, 1413 KHz

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04:55 Reflections 05:00 World
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Scotland This Week 22:30 Fin ancial News: 22:40 Reflection
ancial News 22:40 Reflection

Guitar Workshop 23:30 Meridian **VOICE OF AMERICA**

22:45 Sports Round up 23:00

News: Commentary 23:15

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83:30	The Breakfast Show: 96:30
	Dan music formers

teners questions. 17:00 News Roundup: reports. opinion. ana-iyses. 17:30 Dateline 18:00 Special English: news, feature "The Making of a Nation." 18:30 Now Music USA 19:00 News Roundup: reports.opinion. analyses. 19:30 VOA Magazine: Americana. science. culture, letters. 20:00 Special English: news 20:15 Music USA (Jazz) 21:90 VOA World Report 22:00 News. Correspondents' reports. background features, media comments, analyses.

AMMAN AIRPORT

ARRIVALS
8:60 Cairo (EA)
8:45 Cairo
8:55
8:55 Aqaba 9:15 Dubai. Abu Dhabi
9:30 Jeddah
9:40 Dhahran
9:45 Kuwait
10:10 Bentut
11:05 Rivadh (SV)
15:30 Kuwait (KAC)
16:30 Cauro
16:45 Tripoli 17:40 London, Paris
17:40 London, Paris
17:45 New York, Amsterdam
17:45 Madnd. Tunis
18:06
18:05 Rome (Alitalia)
18:50 . Copenhagen. Athens (SK)
19:00 Amsterdam, Athens (KLM)
19:30 Rome
20:15 Catro (EA)
20:30 Berrut (MEA)
20:30 Frankfurt (LH)
29:30 Frankfurt
20:45 Damascus
24:99 Cairo (EA)
01:00 Baghdad
01:15 Cairo
02:00 Baghdad
DEPARTURES:

9:25 12:05 18:45 19:00 19:15

NOTE: The following airport arrivals and departures are provided to the Jordan Times by the Alia information department at Amman Airport, Tel. 92205-6. They should always be verified by phone before the arrival or departure of the flight.
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10:10 Berru
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DEPARTURES:

Athens, Amsterdam (KLM) Cairo (EA) Beirut (MEA) Frankfurt Rome Riyadh (SV) .. Cairo Abu Dhabi .. Kuwait Jeddah Cairo Baghdad 20:00 20:15 Dubai. Muscat 21:15 ... Cairo (EA) 21:15 ... Bangkok

Carro (EA) **EMERGENCIES**

Baghdad

DOCTORS:
Zarga: Barkat Shahrawi 83038/81795
Irbid:
PHARMACIES: Amman: Al-Salam 36730 Fares 63938 Hijazi 22508 Al-Taj 71050 Salma (—1
Zarqa: Al-Shaker ()
Irbid:
TAXIS: 23427 AI-Urdon 23650

Basman 56736

American Centre 41526

..... Beirut **CULTURAL CENTRES** ... Agaba Damascus, Paris (AF)

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British Cour	ncil		36147
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Goethe Inst	itute .		. 419
Soviet Cultu	ral Ce	atre	. 4420
Spanish Cul	tural (Centre	. 240
Turkish Cul			
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Al Hussein	Youth	City	671
Y.W.C.A.			
Y.W.M.A			
Amman Mu	nicipal	Library	361
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SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Grand Palace Hotel. Lions Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 1.30

Rotary Club. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel. Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Hol-iday Inn. 1:30 p.m.

MUSEUMS

Military Museum: Collection of military memorabilia dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City. Amman. Opening hours 9 a.m.- p.m.. Sunday to Friday. Closed on Saturdays. Tel. 64240. Folklore Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre. Amman. Openmg hours: 9.00 a.m - 5 p.m. Year-round, Tel. 51760 Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. closed Tuesdays. Tel. 37169

Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan, Jabal Al

Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10,00 a.m. - 4.00 p.m.). Closed on Tue-

Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics. and sculpture by contemporary islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century on-entalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. 6.00 p.m. Closed on Tuesdays. Tel.

PRAYER TIMES FOR THURSDAY

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Civil Defence rescue
Jordan Electric Power Co. (emergency) 36381-2
Municipal water service (emergency) 37111-3
Police headquarters
Najdeh roving parrol rescue police. (English spoken)
24 hours a day for emergency
Airport information (ALIA) 92205/92206
Jordan Television
Radio Jordan

LOCAL Maghreb 4.35 **EXCHANGE** RATES

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CHURCHES

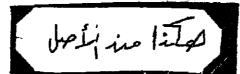
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MARKET PRICES

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SPORTS

TENNIS TALK

Learn to anticipate

By Maureen Stalla

THE ABILITY to run fast is a tremendous asset in tennis. But the ability to anticipate is far more useful and rewarding. A person who never runs but is always in the right place at the right time is the player with a great sense of anticipation.

Distinct from speed, anticipation is not an innate gift. It is an acquired skill, accessible to us all. All tournament players have it; few club players do. It is simply a matter of keeping alert, using your eyes and thinking.

Anticipation is a mental skill. Your brain must keep your feet

moving between hits. Always move sooner. Club players hit a shot and stand to watch it. For instance, say you hit a ball near the right side line and stay there, watching the ball. Your opponent naturally hits it to the left side line and after it bounces on your side you make a mad dash across the court. Instead, after you hit the first shot, slide back to the centre of the court and start for the other side as it clears the net; you hardly have to run at all.

After you hit a return of serve, go quickly to the center; don't leave the court open. If you hit a ball hard and near the base line, don't stand there paralysed with fear that it might go out; assume

it's good and react. If you hit a ball very deep, your opponent's return will most likely be short, so take a few steps forward automatically. Likewise, if you hit short, immediately step back. If you hit an approach shot you must not hit, stop, and then gallop in -- hit, run, and then stop. It is very common to see a person at the net stand and flail his arms helplessly as a lob soars over his head. But a lob is the slowest shot in the game. So when it starts going up, gallop sideways back, then move in for the smash. When you volley, always recover to set position. It is impossible to hit a backhand volley if the racquet is dangling head down by your right

Learn the strategy called "follow the balf". If you hit a volley deep to your opponent's forehand corner take a few steps to your left in order to bisect his possible angle of return. It is important to realize that the proper ready position is the center of the possible angle of return -- not the center of the court.

One more way to learn to anticipate better is to always think of the next shot. Figure out where it will go and be there!

McEnroe considers giving England a miss

LONDON, Nov. 16 (A.P.) — American tennis star John McEnroe said today he is considering boycotting future tournaments in England after being fined for his on-court behaviour during the final of the Benson and Hedges championship at Wembley Arena

yesterday. The 22-year-old Wimbledon champion said: "I felt all alone on the court--as if everyone was against me. It gives you a reason not to want to come back." McEnroe was fined \$100 for his actions during the final against Jimmy Connors. Connors won a 3½ hour marathon 3-6, 2-6, 6-3, 6-4, 6-2.

during the match-for hitting a ball into the court surround and breaking a microphone, but said he did not regret his behaviour.

McEnroe was disciplined twice

McEnroe, who now faces a three week suspension, also was at centre of a storm during the Wimbledon tournament earlier this

During yesterday's match, umpire John Parry made a number of mistakes that angered both players. McEnroe appeared to lose interest in the match during the final set, but he denied "throwing" the contest.

"I was a little bit tired and very down," he said. "But you don't play three and a half hours and then throw the game."

The Wimbledon champion feels uneasy in Britain, when the newspapers report his every move and insist on calling him "Superbrat" and when he feels he gets a raw deal from umpires. "I try hard to be myself," he said. "Yesterday the umpires were not very good and the crowd seemed interested

in just making me uncomfortable. "I get misquoted in the papers and people believe what

queen's gambit which Soviet champion Anatoly Karpov declined.
The opening moves were identical to those in game nine, which Karpov won, until move 10 when

His seconds said the variation was one he should have used dur-

win or draw to stay in contention. But he has the advantage of playing white and the fresh memory of a morale-boosting draw against the odds in the last game with 30-year-old Karpov.

game, watched by the smallest crowd since the match began on October 1.

GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES H. GOREN

©1981 by Chicago Tribune

Q.1—As South, vulnerable, you hold: **♦6 ♥K10752 ♦10432 ♣765** Partner opens the bidding with one spade. What action

Q.2-As South, vulnerable. you hold:

do you take?

♦954 ♥QJ762 ♥8 ♠10432 Partner opens the bidding with one heart. What action do vou take?

Q.3-Both vulnerable, as South you hold: ◆6 ♥K10975 ♦10432 ◆J109 The bidding has proceeded: North East South West 1 ♥ 2 ♦ Pass Pass

Pass What do you bid now?

Q.4—Both vulnerable, as South you hold:

↑AKQ105 ♥ Q854 ♦ K103 ♣ J The bidding has proceeded: West North East South 1 Pass Pass ? What action do you take?

Q.5-Neither vulnerable, as South you hold: +104 ♥K87632 ♦Q102 +J9 The bidding has proceeded: North East South West Pass 1 NT Pass 2 0 Pass

What do you bid now? Q.6-Neither vulnerable, as South you hold: **↑75 ♥AK843 ◊108 ◆K1043**

The bidding has proceeded: North East South West Pass Pass 1 ♥ Pass 2 Pass ? What action do you take?

Look for answers on Thursday

Korchnoi opens game 17

MERANO, Nov. 16 (R) — Challenger Viktor Korchnoi, struggling to stay in the world chess

championships, opened the cru-cial 17th game tonight with a

Korchnoi made a variation.

ing the ninth game. The 50-year-old challenger, 5-2 down in the series, must either

Both players arrived late for the

Pakistan on brink of defeat

PERTH, Nov. 16 (A.P.) - The Pakistani batamen showed far greater resolve against the Australian fast attack on the fourth day of the first test at the WACA ground today, but the side is on the brink of inevitable defeat.

Not even a polished innings of 79 by captain Javed Miandad and some defiant batting by Mansoor Akhtar, Wasim Raja and Imran

Khan gave the Pakistan team any hope of reprieve. Defeat should come early on the final day-giving the shell-shocked tourists little more than a week to regroup their forces for

the second test in Brisbane. Pakistan were set the mammoth task of scoring 543 runs for victory--a target that has never been achieved in test history.

Windies beat S. Australia by 226 runs

ADELAIDE, Nov. 16 (A:P.) —

The West Indies beat South Australia by 226 runs two minutes

POSITION WANTED

Chef with 25 years of experience in international cuisine. Speaks fluent English, and driving license available. Seeking a live-in job with a diplomatic mission or a family.

If interested, please call 71053, Abu Yasser

WANTED: YOUNG PERSON

for cleaning, photocopying, making coffee and tea and other minor duties.

Requirements: Ability to read English and speak it fairly fluently. Age: Between 17 and 22 years. No requirements as to nationality.

Possible candidates are kindly requested to contact Mrs. Samia Daniel at the Delegation of the Commission of the European Communities in Amman, tel. 68191 or 68192, in order to arrange for an interview.

Vauxhall Chevette 1300 18 months Excellent condition **DUTY UNPAID**

FOR SALE

Contact: Sheila McKenzie Tel: 41261

before tea on the final day of the match at Adelaide Oval here

today. South Australia were set the impossible target of scoring 452 runs in 425 minutes after having been dismissed for 79 in the first innings but again crashed to the West Indian speed to total 225 in

the second innings. West Indian giant, Joel Garner finished with 45 for five after having had 10 runs hit off him before he took his first wicket.

At one stage he got three successive !lbw decisions in six balls without conceding a run.

South Australia looked like staging a strong fight back when opening batsmen Rick Darling and Kim Harris put on 141 runs in 154 minutes.

But then South Australia lost their last nine wickets for only 84 runs with David Hookes the only batsman to offer any further real resistance.

FURNISHED

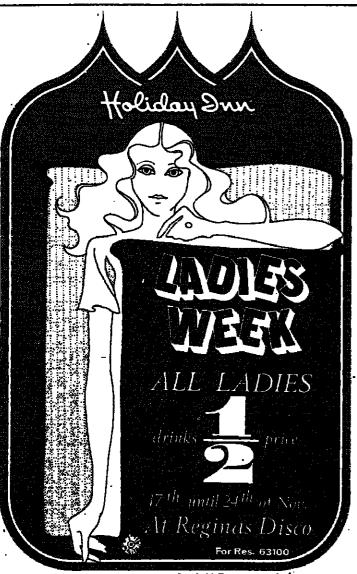
FLATS FOR RENT

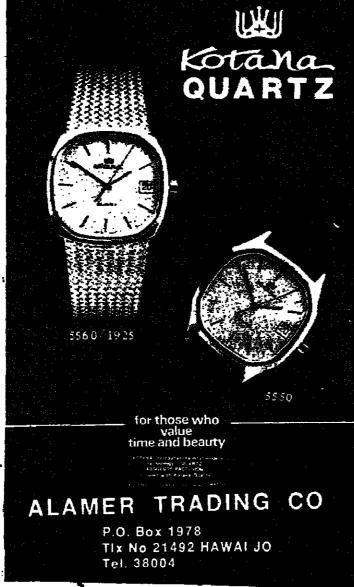
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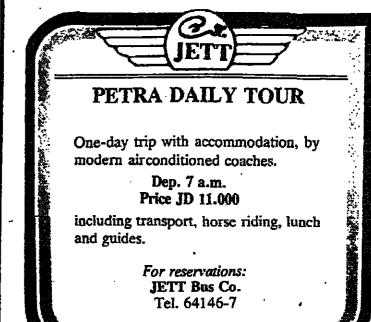
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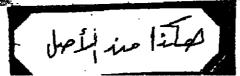
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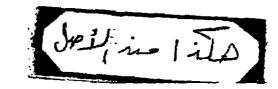
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FEATURES IN INCR criticised

* Thus award of the 1981 Nobel Peace Prize to the United Nations High mmission for Refugees has come at a time when the organisation is ior staff. ler intense criticism from member governments and some of its own

its unique humanitarian role.

Although the UNHCR has

been the first to take large risks to

enter trouble spots in recent years

and has probably saved millions of

lives, it is currently under intense

criticism both from member gov-

emments and some of its own sen-

By Brij Khindaria

₹EVA — Winning the 1981 had el Peace Prize is a welcome in the arm for the United Nat-High Commission for Ref-'s (UNHCR), whose prestige fortunes are sagging in spite of

This year the UNHCR will have spent more than \$460 million on aiding refugees - a sum twice as large as that at the disposal of the World Health Organisation (WHO), which has much more complex and wider tasks.

The UNHCR's budget has grown spectacularly from \$126 million in 1978. It was less than \$16 million when the organisation

problems of refugees escaping Eastern Europe's Communist reg-

Since then, the character of the refugee problem has changed dramatically, spreading around the world and forcing the UNHCR to open offices in 80 countries and raise its staff from 123 in 1955 to more than, 1,500 this year.

The growth has prompted some was created in 1951 to handle soul-searching within the org-

anisation. At the same time, the U.S. and Britain think that a redefinition of the UNHCR's role is long overdue.

In fact, the UNHCR's size has burgeoned to keep pace with an explosion in the number of refugees from tens of thousands in the 1950s to more than 10 million now, including 5 million in Africa and 2.2 million in Pakistan.

The organisation is under pressure from Western countries which pay 90 percent of its bills, to rein itself in. But it is trying to do this with some trepidation because a new conflict might put another million people on the road to refugee camps.

The incrusion by South African troops into Angola from Namibia in late August highlights the unpredictability of the refugee problem. About 130,000 Angolans fled the south of the country, adding to the 430,000 already crowded into makeshift camps.

Their only succour was pro-vided by the UNHCR, helped by the United Nations Disaster Relief Organisation which was called in mainly because of confusion about whether, in United Nations jargon, the fleeing Angolans were refugees.

Technically, the UNHCR can help only those who cross national frontiers to seek protection against political or ther kinds of persecution. But it is increasingly dragged into looking after people fleeing guerrilla wars and simply migrating from one area of a country to another. Almost half the refugees in Africa are such people.

To make matters worse, the UNHCR has found that poor nations giving shelter to refugees face economic ruin because they cannot even support all of their own people. The refugees cannot be cared for without helping host governments create roads, sanitary facilities and provide dri-

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ated to assist ex-patriates)

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nking water. Such actions are far beyond UNHCR's founding man-

Refugees exert enormous strains on their hosts. India cited the presence of 11 million refugees from East Pakistan as one of the reasons for going to war with Pakistan to create Bangladesh in

The South-East Asian coastal states at one point preferred to force the Vietnamese boat people away. Famished locals in African countries took to raiding refugee camps to get a share in food and other supplies they felt they had a greater right to receive.

Even the U.S. was forced to clamp down on arrivals from Cuba and Haiti last year because of protests from its underprivileged black and Hispanic minorities.

One result of the U.S. experience was an insistence by Washington that the UNHCR should distinguish more effectively between genuine refugees and "economic immigrants," who use refugee status as an excuse to move across borders simply to win better lives.

Current arguments on trade and aid among rich and poor countries could benefit the UNHCR. Although the problems debated at such meetings as the Cancun summit are outside the organisation's scope, it could benefit because future aid will be focused on humanitarian lines rather than to solve major problems of economic development, according to senior Western diplomats.

But the UNHCR will have to do more than just pull up its socks if it is to win the confidence of its members. The criticism voiced by 40 of its main member governments at a recent meeting, its policy-setting executive committee here revealed profound dissatisfaction with how the organisation spends its money.

BEVEROL -

TELEX:

Telephone:

Agaba 5770

2311 &

Mr. Poul Hartling, the High

62278 SHARARY Jo

3901

2118 Residence

2228 Office

the UNHCR's relevance to the Commissioner for Refugees, who is a 67-year-old former Danish To allay western concerns, Mr. Prime Minister, was charged with

wastage of resources.

imes.

between those who want more

money from him and those who

asion of Afghanistan was a boon

for him because it brought home

condoning mismanagement and Hartling has ordered a mojor overhaul of the UNHCR's administration methods and is hiring Since refugees are created by new senior staff at a cost of political upheavals, Mr. Hartling was also caught in a cross-fire \$700,000.

Western nations were relieved want him to be more parto see at the executive committee meeting that the UNHCR's 1982 simonious, particularly when peobudget will fall to \$421 million. ple are uprooted because of int-The committee also appointed erference by Soviet-backed reg-Mr. Hartling's predecessor, the But Mr. Hartling's fortunes Saddrudin Aga Khan, to report on seem to hinge more on what he "the root causes of mass flows" of cannot prevent than on what he refugees to give clearer forecasts can do. Ironically, the Soviet inv- of refugee movements.

Financial Times News Features



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weden: men on paternal leave

By Birgit Lofgren Associated Press

OCKHOLM - "No, I hadn't time to mend the roof," and "Yes, it s a bit lonely," say two of Sweden's daddies on paternal leave. The number of men who chose to stay home with baby was never ze, and seven years into Sweden's pioneering experiment, that nber is declining.

Recent studies have found that those men who do stay home still n over most of the responsibility to the mother when the paternity we ends.

The conservative government now in power, moreover, is clearly t enthusiastic about the experiment hatched in 1974 by a social ² mocratic government. Recommending that legislation be reviewed, industry minister Nils

Asling said recently: "It has become far too easy to get time off m work to take care of children or to study. Bjorn Wahlstrom, an executive of the SSAB steel group, wrote a

oklet for the industrial federation which contended that paternal we is economically unsound. 'It is a pure waste that good resources, at a time when they are ist needed, should stay home and busy themselves with babies," he

Equality minister Karin Andersonn fired back that Asling and ners act swiftly to take a tight economical situation as an excuse to nt old-fashioned views on the role of the sexes. But, she added that e preferred to have "some good old antagonism rather than waging hopeless fight against prejudice that is there but never really

THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME
by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee

Unscramble these four Jumbles.

VINGY.

ISSAB

DIPSUT

GININN

one letter to each square, to form

A study by Philip Hwang, a Goteborg University psychologist, found that paternal leave does not particularly affect the traditional roles of parents. The mother still gives the child more of tenderness and nursing care while the typical father-child contact is of a more sporadic and active nature, best illustrated by the father hoisting the baby up in the air and making it laugh, Hwang said.

The Swedish law permits either parent to take 12 months leave when a baby is born. Also at the time of the birth the father is entitled

to an additional 10 days off. Up to six of the 12 months can be taken out at any time before the child's eighth birthday. Also, parents are entitled to 60 days paid leave to take care of sick children.

During the first nine months of Parental leave, the parent gets regular sickness allowance, or 90 per cent of the income. The remaming three months carry a minimum sickness benefit, currently 37. Kronor (\$6.7) a day.

In 1974, only two per cent of the fathers chose to stay home with their children, and then for an average of just 26 days. The number peaked at 12.3 per cent in 1977, but last year it had declined to 10 per cent of all new fathers, who took an average of 42 days leave. One study covering some 70 fathers found that while men of all ages take paternal leave, there are fewer from business than gov-

ernment. The study was conducted by the Stockholm University psychological department. The university study said that a majority of men on paternal leave, representing professions ranging from stock room workers to department heads, popped in to tend to their work a couple of evenings

of afternoons a week, uninvited and without extra pay. The woman's occupation is also important in the paternal leave decision, a government-commissioned report said. Women with monotonous jobs see maternity leave as . welcome break while more highly educated women are more willing to let their husbands take a turn with the newly born, it said. Also, which mate earns the higher salary is a factor.

Half of the fathers in the university study said that taking care of a baby was harder than they had expected. And as soon as they went back to work their household role: dwindled to "helping" their wives,



enuts



Print answer here:



WHAT YOU USUALLY PAY WHEN YOU CALL ON SOMEONE

Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as sug-

(Answers tomorrow)

gested by the above cartoon.

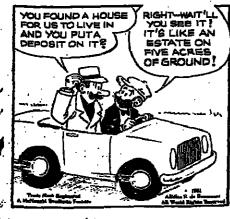
Jumbles: FLOOD DUCHY CHOSEN PUDDLE

Answer: What a porter has to do to hold down his job—HOLD UP

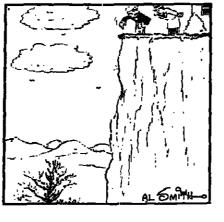




utt 'n' Jeff







in dy Capp









FORECAST FOR TUESDAY, NOV. 17, 1981

YOUR DAILY from the Carroll Righter Institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: A good time to be concerned with little chores that have to do with getting needed appliances for the home. Look over your surroundings and takes steps to improve conditions.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Getting family matters handled early allows you time for important business affairs later in the day. Relax tonight.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Come to a better accord with business associates. Don't neglect important correspondence. Use caution in motion.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Monetary affairs should be handled early in day for best results. Make needed improvements to property. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Some of your

duties at work could be relegated to others for mutual advancement. Express your fine talents. LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Take time to analyze your life and take steps to make necessary improvements. The

evening is best spent with loved one. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) A personal aim that had been difficult to reach in the past requires only a little

more time and patience. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Make plans to engage in as many outdoor activities as possible. Consult a business expert for information you need.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) A plan you have in mind is fine but it needs more study before you put it in operation. Making new contacts now is wise. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Be sure to handle

new responsibilities with confidence. Follow your intuition when making plans for the future. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Study a new project

well before making an important decision. Beware of a person who has an eye on your assets. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Do whatever will im-

prove your health, and get ready for important activities

ahead. Show more devotion to loved one. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Once your work is done, engage in amusements you enjoy. Pay more attention to family members. Show more courtesy to others.

IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY . . . he or she will be endowed with a strong ambition to get ahead. Be sure to give as fine an education as you can afford to equip your progeny for a successful life. Be sure to give spiritual training early in life.

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

THE Daily Crossword By Jack L Steinhardt

22 Neither 43 Mortal sins 12 Big wheel **Embrace**

masc. nor 44 Adjust 6 Clerical fem. 23 Meet a bet cloaks 10 Word with

26 Fabled land Precedes of plenty spots or 30 Networks — from complem 33 Newman

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37 Gun catch

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42 Utah city

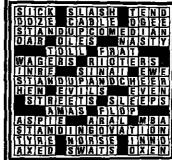
than one's

the blue l6 Stravinsky 17 Met diva Lucine 18 Pointed

arch 19 Russian saint 20 Eat some-

thing vora-

Yesterday's Puzzle Solved:



beforehand 45 More stingy 21 First down yardage 24 Fairy tale

receptor

48 Peer Gynt's goal 25 Commercials mother — and 26 Ugly wound hounds 27 Butterine 50 Video 28 Smoker

29 Levelhead 30 Objectives 31 Crolssant 58 Repulsive 59 Rye fungus 60 Cans 33 Ring out 61 Those for 34 Minor 62 Relative

prophet 35 Split 63 Feed the 36 Gordian kitty 64 Indians 38 Rider's 65 Kneehole supports "— got a pocketful... and rolltop

DOWN 42 Feign "— love 1 Type of hammer 45 Dancer 2 Car, for short Rivera 3 Of grand-"Alice" 47 Genefluc-

Thrall 9 Printing 10 Most

Covers with tion figure Chasm Quarters 51 Indian city 7 Trademark Exploded devices

Group Border lake 54 Ripens 55 Hudson 56 Agnes and Shoelace Catherine: abbr.

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WORLD

London cops hunt IRA explosives

bombs.

LONDON, Nov. 16 (A.P.) — Scotland Yard today began an extensive search for 227 kilogramme of Irish Republican Army explosives hidden in the British capital, police announced.

Body of Coastantine Giannaris, murdered Greek consul general in

Sydney, being carried away from his house by Australian police.

Top Greek aide found

murdered in Australia

Sgt. Daly said the first floor

of the building had been ran-

sacked in a an apparent rob-

bery, but it was not known

what, if anything, was taken.

don't think politics was inv-

olved," said Mr. Giannaris'

friend George Tscidacis, editor

of the Greek-language new-

spaper Hellenic Herald which

caters to Australia's large

born in Athens, had been

consul-general in Sydney since

1979 after tours in Turkey and

West Germany. He joined the

Greek Foreign Ministry in 1965

after taking a law degree from

has made an apparent attempt to

ner, North Carolina, Hinckley

took an overdose of tylenol, an

aspirin substitute, and was taken

Hinckley was confined in a sin-

gle cell under the observation of

U.S. marshals who have watched

him around the clock since the

Hinckley is scheduled to go to

trial before a U.S. district court in

Washington on a 13-count federal

indictment charging him with att-

empted assassination of Mr. Rea-

gan and with wounding him, a sec-

ret service agent, a Washington

policeman and White House Press

delay or affect the trial Mr. Decair

control a wave of assassinations by

the Mujahedin guerrillas who had

penetrated nearly every gov-

The magazine said that soon

after the KGB agents checked into

the Hilton Hotel in Tehran, they

found a huge time bomb in was

It said the Soviet agents later

took over as their offices the for-

mer headquarters of Savak, the

Shah's fearsome secret police, in a

Time said that other Soviet adv-

isers were trying to help the Ira-

nian government put into shape

factories suffering from poor mai-

ntenance, labour chaos and loss of

northern suburb of Tehran.

emment institution.

due to explode.

key manpower.

Asked if the incident would

Secretary James Brady.

to the prison infirmary.

May 27 incident.

On May 27, while jailed in But-

the Greek University.

Suicide attempt by Hinckley

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16 (A.P.) Hinckley's arrest March 30 that he

harm himself.

thwarted by prison guards

Mr. Giannaris a bachelor

"He was a very quiet man, I

SYDNEY, Australia, Nov. 16

A maid and two consular off-

icials discovered the body on

the ground floor of Mr. Gia-

maris' home about noon today

after he did not report to his

office, police said. He lived

"Any death is a tragedy,"

Street in a telegramme to the

Greek foreign minister. "The

more so when it involves a vio-

lent crime against a diplomatic

Police said Mr. Giannaris.

46, was lying in a pool of blood,

fully clothed with a gag stuffed

in his mouth. His hands were

tied behind him and the knife

was protruding from his back.

He also had a head wound, pol-

- John W. Hinckley Jr., awaiting

trial on charges of attempting to

assassinate President Ronald

Reagan, tried to hang himself in a

military prison yesterday but was

cut down by U.S. marshals, the

Department spokesman Tom

Justice Department announced.

Decair said the 26-year-old Hin-

ckley was taken to the hospital at

Fort Meade, Maryland, where he

had been confined, and was des-

cribed last night as in satisfactory

condition. Mr. Decair said Hin-

ckley would be held at the base

hospital overnight for obs-

hanging for any period of time,

Mr. Decair said he was, but did not

know how long. Mr. Decair

added, "he has no serious injury of

Asked if Hinckley was actually

ervation.

any kind."

magazine said today.

puppet regime."

It said the Russians' aim was "to

establish themselves so firmly that

they can exercise a decisive inf-

luence on Iranian foreign policy,

or, in the case of a future political

explosion in the country, instal a

(Communist) Party persuaded

Iranian government leaders to

turn to Moscow for help after the

government found it could not

Time said the small Tudeh

representative."

from his back.

All police leave in the capital was cancelled as officers and bomb-sniffing dogs started combing more than 300,000 lockup garages and other buildings.

Scotland Yard Deputy Assistant Commissioner George Rushbrook told a news conference the gelignite cache, believed to be stashed by IRA gue-

ice chief Peter Imbert said officers from his own and three countries bordering London have joined the search, to take most of the week. In London, Mr. Rushbrook told reporters: "There is an Irish terrorist group operating in London and we have strong grounds to bel-

> The search for the IRA arsenal is the largest of its type ever launched in the capital and surrounding countries, Mr. Rushbrook said. He said police believe the exp-

like 500 pounds of explosive mat-

rrillas, was sufficient to make 50

Three people have been killed

and 37 injured in IRA bomb att-

acks in London in the past six

weeks. Police have made no arr-

In Oxford, Thames Valley pol-

suitcases, were hidden in one bui-Two civilians were killed Oct. 10 when a nail bomb blasted a bus-

Steuart Pringle, commandant of the Royal Marines, was maimed in a car bomb blast outside his London home, and on Oct. 26 a bomb disposal expert was killed by a bomb planted in a fast food store in the London's West End.

Last Friday, IRA guerrillas bombed the unoccupied London home of British Attorney-General Sir Michael Havers.

The mainly Roman Catholic IRA have claimed responsibility for the attacks as part of its campaign to oust Britain from Protestant-dominated Northern Ireland and reunite it with the ieve they have access to something republic in the south.

Meanwhile in Belfast, government ministers, churchmen and security chiefs, fearing a Protestant backlash against Northern Ireland's Catholic minority because of renewed violence in the British province, have issued fresh losive, which would fill 14 large appeals for calm.

The assassination of a Protestant member of parliament, the Rev. Robert Bradford, in Belfast on Saturday by IRA guerrillas was load of Irish Guards. A week later followed yesterday by the killing a senior British officer, Lt. Gen. of a Catholic teenager in the city.

Libyan held for allegedly killing compatriot in U.S.

Attorneys were going to court to lay to pick a jury in the murder trial of Mohammed Shabata, accused of killing a fellow Libyan.

Both Prosecutor David Gladwell and Defence Attorney Robert A. Echard predicted it would take no more than one day to pick an eight-member jury. The trial before 2nd District Judge Calvin Gould was expected to last a

Shabata, a former Weber State college student, is charged with second-degree murder in the slaying of Nabil A. Mansour, 32, another former student who reported had resisted a return to his native country.

After Mansour's bullet-riddled body was discovered July 17 in the trunk of his car outside Shabata's apartment, the Federal Bureau of Investigation entered the case, saying it would try to determine if the death was connected to alleged terrorist activities directed against opponents of Libvan lear Col. Muammar Qadhafi.

The FBI's concern was prompted in part by the March 1980 wounding of a Libyan dissident in Fort Collins, Colorado. A former green Beret, Eugene Tafoya, currently is being tried on charges that he shot the dissident on orders from the Qadhafi government.

However, the FBI said its investigation of Mansour's death failed to turn up evidence of intemational terrorism.

Gladwell said he could not rule out the possibility of a Libyan connection to the slaying, but added, "we just can't prove it."

He said the prosecution would base its case on circumstantial evidence and would treat it primarily as"a localised murder rising out of human pessimism. Echard said his 35-year-old client - who has pleaded innocent would take the stand in his own defence.

cash and a plane ticket to Libya, was arrested at Chicago's O'Hare International Airport hours after discovery of Mansour's body. which had been in the trunk about car 15 metres from his doorstep. Shabata and Mansour went to

be resisting efforts by Libyan government to get him to return to Libya for military training, and college officials said he had intended to continue his schooling.

Reagan finds Doomsday jet impressive

"I pinched myself," he said as his smile suddenly changed to a grimace.

the three-hour flight on how the airborne command post's battle team would receive and execute orders to launch strategic bombers and missiles in an emergency.

OGDEN, Utah, Nov. 16 (A.P.) -"I think the evidence will tond

to show any client knew nothing about the fact that Nabil had been killed, and that have he known it, he would not have stuck around town for a week and a half going about his normal lifestyle while the body remained in a trunk of a

Weber in 1977 on scholarships paid by their employer, Umm-Al-Jawaby Petroleum Co. of Tri-

Mansour was said by friends to

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16 (R) -President Reagan flew for the first time on an emergency nuclear command aircraft yesterday and said he was highly impressed by the experience.

The airborne command post, a converted boeing 707 Jumbo jet, is known as the "Doomsday plane:" because it would be the last American opportunity to strike back if all ground command centres were destroyed in a nuclear attack.

The president, who gave his hand a painful knock on the metal rails, of the plane's steps when he arrived at Andrews Air Force base outside Washington, flew from Te xas after a weekend of hunting wild turkeys.

Mr. Reagan was briefed during

The plane, one of three air-Dorne command posts, can be ref-

pons, they differ widely on what types should be discussed. The first (A.P.) — The government Earlier police reports had Shabata, carrying \$3,300 in hurdle will be to reach agreement on this. promised a full investigation said Mr. Giannaris had been today to find the killer of Greek shot, but New South Wales With European NATO governments increasingly worried over Consul-General Constantine State police spokesman Detanti-nuclear protest movements. U.S. diplomats say they expect Giannaris, who was found bound and gagged in his rancontinuing pressure within the alliance to get results. ective Sgt. Pat Daly said det-Although the talks involve only the United States on the Western ectives had not determined side, U.S. planners have met frequently with other NATO officials to sacked home with a nine-inch whether the head wound had (22.9 cm) dagger protruding coordinate alliance tactics. Another meeting will be held at NATO been caused by a bullet.

on what exactly they intend to talk about.

in 12 years of intermittent arms control talks.

headquarters in Brussels before the talks start. U.S. Secretary of State Alexander Haig has said consultations so far have been of "unprecedented intensity." For the first time in U.S.-Soviet arms talks, Washington's European allies are directly affected. Soviet mid-range SS-20 missiles are already targeted on Western Europe, and 572 matching U.S.

Negotiations to limit arms

still lack proper definition

By Sidney Weiland

LONDON, Nov. 16 (R) - Two weeks before the start of a new

round of arms talks, U.S. and Soviet negotiators are still wide apart

definitions before the two sides can get down to specifics.

Western defence analysts say months may be spent wrangling over

The attempt to limit medium-range nuclear missiles in Europe

Despite five months of preliminary contacts, there will be no

While they agree the first arms talks between the Reagan adm-

inistration and Moscow should deal only with medium-range wea-

agreed ground rules when American and Soviet experts meet in

Geneva on Nov. 30. Both sides expect a negotiating marathon.

raises the most complex range of problems faced by the super-powers

warheads are to be stationed there, starting late in 1983. West Germany led a long European battle before the Reagan administration fixed a date for the negotiations, as provided for in a ision two years ago when European defences with new U.S. missiles.

Ironically, the Europeans were the first to press for U.S. Cruise and Pershing-II missiles to be based in Western Europe to counter what was seen as a mounting threat from the SS-20s.

Now, some Europeans would prefer to delay in hopes that mutual cuts can be agreed relatively soon with Moscow, making at least some of the U.S. deployment unnecessary.

Originally, European leaders argued the new bases would guarantee a U.S. defence commitment if Western Europe was attacked. Some Europeans are now worrying their countries may be devastated if the United States and the Soviet Union chose to fight a limited nuclear war only in Europe.

President Reagan's acknowledgement last month that a limited conflict was possible, without necessarily involving the superpowers, forced the White House to assure anxious Europeans there was no risk they would be left to fight alone.

West European concern was heightened by confusion over whether NATO planning included the possibility of a nuclear "warning shot' to deter a Soviet conventional attack in Europe. Mr. Haig said such a contingency plan existed, U.S. Defence

Secretary Caspar Weinberger denied it, and Mr. Reagan conceded last week that "there seems to be some confusion." European officials believe the apparent disarry, plus reports of

high-level infighting in Washington, plays into the hands of antinuclear protesters who have launched a Europe-wide campaign against the 1979 NATO plan to deploy U.S. missiles. Denis Healey, deputy leader of Britain's Labour Party, said Mr.

Reagan's ambiguity about nuclear warfare was "worth a million votes to the unilateral (disarmament) movement in Europe." NATO Secretary General Joseph Luns will discuss the antinuclear protests in Washington this week, and will tell U.S. officials that American statements have been unhelpful in NATO efforts to

generate public support for the missile deployments. In Geneva, U.S. chief negotiator Paul Nitze will seek a tradeoff -the reduction of Moscow's arsenal of SS-20s and other European theatre nuclear missiles in exchange for fewer U.S. Cruises and

NATO officials say he will seek to limit not only the triple warhead, mobile SS-20s targeted against Western Europe but also those aimed to China, as well as older SS-4s and SS-5s. Although the SS-20s have insufficient range to hit the United

States, they can wipe out targets across Western Europe, from Iceland to southern Italy and Portugal. Already, Moscow has hinted it will seek deep cuts in Western missiles which NATO says should not be counted among

European-based medium-range weapons. NATO officials believe Soviet negotiator Yuli Kivitsinsky will try to bargain Soviet cuts not only against Cruises and Pershings but also against British and French missiles and U.S. "forward-based sys-

These include U.S. F-111 bombers based in Britain and sea missiles on ships and submarines operating close to European shores. If Moscow tries to include these weapons in the Geneva bargaining, U.S. negotiators are expected to call for inclusion also of ong-range Soviet Backfire bombers and newly-deployed SS-22s and

SS-23s which can hit parts of northern Europe. According to Western estimates, two-thirds of the 270-plus SS-20s based in the Soviet Union are pointed at Western Europe. The rest are aimed at China and Japan.

With three independently targetable warheads each, this represents about 540 warheads. Western experts say SS-20s are still being deployed at the rate or roughly one every five days.

The West also counts about 350 SS-4s and SS-5s, about 45 Bac-

kfires and 350 missile-carrying Badger and Blinder aircraft, with a total of about 1,700 warheads aimed at Western Europe. The Geneva meeting will be unable to discuss actual cuts until agreement is reached on a list of weapons to be tackled.

The Geneva talks are separate from long-delayed U.S.-Soviet Strategic Arms Talks (SALT). The U.S. administration has frozen the 1979 SALT-II treaty and says it hopes to launch a new series of SALT talks with Moscow next February or March.

First-ever out-of-the-womb surgery succeeds in U.S. CHICAGO, Nov. 16 (A.P.) - Drs. Michael Harrison, Mitchell

For the first time, a human fetus S. Golbus and Roy A. Filly after survived out-of-the-womb years of research on animal fetsurgery and return to its mother's uterus, the Chicago Tribune has

It long has been thought impossible to remove a human fetus from the womb and successfully replace it. All earlier attempts to do so failed, although the operation has succeeded in sheep. The major threat is miscarriage.

The fetus underwent surgery to correct a urinary tract obstruction that would have killed it, the newspaper said in a copyright story in Sunday's editions. The mother, who was not indentified, was about 24 weeks pregnant, the paper said.

However, the baby died after birth from undeveloped lungs, a nsplants. A lot of inexperienced complication unrelated to the sur-

The operation was conducted earlier this year at the University of California at San Francisco by gerous."

gery newspaper said.

unborn baby to correct a lifethreatening blockage of the urinary tract. Researchers are worried that fetal surgery may get out of hand

formed another fetal surgery first

on April 29, but that fetus rem-

ained in the womb. They inserted

a needle through a woman's abd-

omen and into the bladder of her

with inexperienced doctors rushing to try it, the Tribune said. It quoted Dr. Harrison as saying, "I have this tremendous fear that it could turn into the shambles that occurred with heart tra-

people all over the world tried

heart transplants because they

wanted to get their names in the

papers. I think that is terribly dan-

uses, the Tribune said, without indicating the source of its report. The same team of doctors per-

leader Leonid Brezhnev. In an interview with The London Time Mr. Schmidt said he would make the move during next week visit to Bonn by the Soviet leader. He said the present lack communication between the U.S. and the Soviet Union and t disturbing, threatening statements from Moscow and Washington were not very conducive to good sleep in West Germany." I wot rather like to have more harmony in the concert from Wa hington," he told The Times. "That would certainly be better! the West German audience."

WORLD NEWS BRIEFS

ATHENS, Nov. 16 (A.P.) — Three hundred newly-class Members of Parliament were swom in today in the parliament

first session since the Oct. 18 general elections won by the 52

ialists. It was the 12th elected parliament to take office since

end of World War II, and the first with a socialist majority, The

purely ceremonial opening was to be followed by the election:

KUALA LUMPUR, Nov. 16 (A.P.) — Islamic experts and

ellectuals from across the world will gather in Kuala Lumpus neweck for an 11-day conference on Islamic matters; officials

today. The conference, entitled "problems on activities of

pagating Islam in the Islamic community and future strategy to start Nov. 24. Among other things, delegates will discuss

amic principles and the Islamic concept. Participants will confirm countries within the Organisation of Islamic Confirm

(OIC) and representatives of nations recognised by the Okc, as Indonesia, Pakistan, Saudi Arabia, Egypt, Libya, Kowait,

Soviet ambassador's home damaged

NEW YORK, Nov. 16 (R) - About 12 shots were fired?

might at the residence of the Soviet ambassador to the U

today. A telephone caller told an American news agence. Jewish Defence League (JDL) was responsible but the anisation later denied being involved.

FRANKFURT, Nov. 16 (A.P.) - Police said today thing officers were injured, several of them seriously, during medi-riots protesting the construction of a third runway at Practic

Rheinamain International Airport. Sources close to the

anisers of the demonstration estimated that "over a hundred"

their sympathisers were injured during the violent clashes with

LONDON, Nov. 16 (A.P.) - Living together is going out?

fashion and religion in marriage is far less important than 10 year ago, according to a survey of 2,000 British couples. The sarve

carried out by one of the country's leading marriage burea; showed that 67 per cent fewer people now live with their party before marriage," said bureau boss Heather Jenner. In 1971, the survey revealed, 75 per cent of Catholics wanted to marry anoth

Catholic. That figure is now down to 42 per cent. Eighty-two r

cent of clients were prepared to accept previous sexual experient in potential partners, compared with 72 per cent a decade at

When it comes to the right partner, the survey showed that Brib

men can't stand ardent feminists, generally prefer a wife wire

less intelligent and like their women slim and not too volupting

Schmidt: Germans want to sleep better

LONDON, Nov. 16 (R) - West German Chancellor Hein

Schmidt was quoted today as saying he would attempt next we

to bring about a meeting between President Reagan and Soy

police yesterday. Police declined to confirm that figure.

New facts of British marriage rites

109 cops injured in Frankfurt

Nations, but be and his family were out at the time, police

300 Greek M.P.s sworn in

the president of parliament Tuesday.

Bangladesgh, Malaysia and Morocco.

Malaysia host to Islamic confab

Ethnic Germans protest in Red Square

MOSCOW, Nov. 16 (A.P.) - Eight ethnic Germans seeking emigrate from the Soviet Union staged a brief demonstration: Red Square today and were quickly removed from there. To demonstrators there in front of Lenin's mausoleum just before it changing of the guard at 9:00 a.m. local time (0600 GMT) pulled protest placards from their coats. Seconds later, the Ge mans were seized by plainclothesmen who materialised out of crowd of about 90 gathered to watch the changing of the geat cecremony. Dissident sources those arrested -- three men, for women and a small child-had applied to emigrate to West Go many but had been refused permission. It was not known whethir criminal charges would be brought against the Germans who we whisked away in a police van.

Looking around for 'diamonds'

in post-Khmer Rouge Cambodia

By Catherine Campbell

BANGKOK -- "I wish you would bring in a shipload of men instead of food," a Kampucheam woman recently told a foreign relief worker in Phnom Penh.

· Shortages abound in Karripuchea following its years of social and political turmoil but the one most keenly felt by women is the lack of marriageable men, according to a report compiled by a Kampuchean woman and released last week by the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Chantou Boua, a teacher who spent a year interviewing women

throughout Kampuchea, quoted a leading member of the government's national women's association as saying that men should be allowed to have two or three wives.

"This illustrates the desperate condition that Kampuchean women are in." Chantou Boua wrote.

Her report quoted the women's association president as saying that women now make up 75 per cent of Kampuchea's adult popu-Many of them are widows. Statistics from seven provinces showed

that about 10 per cent of their husbands had died from starvation, illness or execution under the Communist Khmer Rouge government which held power from 1975 until it was toppled by Vietnamese-led forces in Jan. 1979.

"It appears that women survived the starvation in the Pol Pot (Khmer Rouge) period better than men, and that men were looked upon by the Khmer Rouge cadres as a more dangerous element to the survival of the regime," the report said.

Women's emergence as a clear majority in the economically struggling society is incompatible with their historical, secondary

Daughters were traditionally a "cause for worry" in Kampucht the report said. "A girl has been compared to a piece of cotton we and a boy to a diamond. This meant that a diamond, when drops into the mud could be picked up and washed as clean as before, wh cotton wool, once dropped into the mud could never be returned

Despite the urgent need for women to take part in all kinds production, lack of education and training were keeping them out the best jobs, the report said.

The Hanoi-backed government employs women as street swee, ers, factory workers, teachers, nurses and administrators, it said. However among 35 members of the ruling central committee the United Front for National Salvation there are only six women and in the government there is only one woman of ministerial rank the vice minister of health," the report said.

"The national women's association does not seem to exert muc influence on vital decisions concerning women's economic and soci well-being."

Thus most women, often supporting the large families which at the norm in Kampuchea, work from dawn to dark in rice production. Because of the severe shortage of manpower, they have also take over jobs such as ploughing and harrowing, formerly reserved in

Other women sell produce or cooked food in makeshift marks stalls. Only the few who managed to save gold or currency can more than make ends meet, the report said. Women can rarely afford to take time off or find child care facilities

to enable them to join government training courses, and thus have little hope of acquiring skills. Their daughters may fare little better. In one provincial high school, the report noted, only 44 of the 220 students were girls.

It was the second time since said he did not think it would. The KGB arrives to help Tehran curb subversion NEW YORK, Nov. 16 (R) - A group of 36 Farsi-speaking Soviet KGB agents and a number of other experts have arrived in Iran to help create an efficient intelligence and security force and to strengthen the economy. Time